A PAPER FOR THE PEOPLE.
A FIRESIDE COMPANION.
It is true if you see it in
THE BEE.
DON'T BORROW THIS PAPER

THE WASHINGTON BEE

VOL. 22. WASHINGTON, D. C. SATURDAY MAY 30, 1903. NO. 51

The Bee
GREAT ADVERTISING MEDIUM
Do you want fearless race advocate? Do you want trade? Read and advertise in THE BEE!

Apr. 25
Congress. Library

THRIFT ENCOURAGED

British Post Office Savings Bank Employs 3,200 Clerks.

Children Are Urged to Save Their Pennies—Every Postal Office in England Is a Branch of This Great Institution.

England's remarkable system of post office savings banks, started several years ago, has been brought into notice of late on account of the transference of the prodigious clerical force which the system keeps busy, from the big building in Queen Victoria street, London, which they have outgrown, to their new home in West Kensington, a vast beehive of a place, covering five acres of ground, close to the amphitheater called Olympia, reared to the memory of Buffalo Bill, Barnum's circus, and such shows. This new government building has just been completed especially for the national department of thrift, and will be formally opened in a few days.

The moving day concerns 3,200 clerks, the thousands of ledgers in which are kept the accounts of the bank's 9,000,000 depositors, and the simply innumerable documents relating thereto. Enormous as is the job of conveying them across London, however, it is now certain that it will be accomplished without the department's business being hindered in any way.

What has been brought out most significantly in consequence of the attention which the "biggest savings bank in the world" has been receiving of late is the remarkable growth of this unique institution. The number of deposits annually has jumped from 6,000,000 to 15,000,000; the number of depositors from 2,000,000 to 9,000,000. In other words, on every business day of the year 40,000 persons make deposits through 14,000 government substations. No wonder, then, that since the postal savings banks were established, nearly 500 private institutions of the

POSTAL SAVINGS BANK.
(A London Financial Institution with Nine Million Depositors.)

kind have been forced to go out of business.

What has made the government savings bank such an enormous success is the fact that a small deposit is as welcome as a large one—the incoming shilling being treated as seriously as the incoming pound. In fact, the government savings banks are intended for small depositors, and more than £30 a year will not be received. But the beauty of the whole thing is the ease with which it is done. To begin with, anyone may deposit, and nearly every post office is a government savings bank. All that the person who wants to open an account has to do is to go to the nearest postal substation and fill out a blank giving his name, address, etc. Then he gets a depositor's book, in which he writes his name, pays in his money, and has the amount recorded in his book. This ends the opening ceremony. And his next deposit may be made in any part of the country in which there is a post office. Withdrawing money is almost as easy. In the ordinary course, all the depositor has to do is to send to the central office, in a free envelope that can be had for the asking at any substation, a notice of withdrawal. The central office sends back a warrant, which the depositor can "cash in" at any post office, after having signed his name in the presence of one of the clerks, for comparison with his signature in his deposit book.

But by far the most remarkable part of the government's "savings banks" system is the arrangement by which the post office will bank a youngster's penny for him, just as it does his father's pound. When a little boy or girl has a penny to save all he or she has to do is to buy a stamp therewith. When the young financier has a dozen stamps the government will send him a specially made banking card on which those 12 stamps are to be pasted, and the whole thing sent in to the postal savings bank department, which duly starts Willie Jones' or Susie Green's account with the deposit of one shilling. And so anxious is the government to encourage the habit of economy in the rising generation that it will supply stamps on credit to schoolmasters and enter into the most minute correspondence as to transactions with the pupils. The government also has a system of "penny banks," which, though for children, too, is quite distinct from the stamp arrangement, but quite as quaint and interesting. But perhaps enough has been said to show how much need there is for the 3,000 clerks which the government employs just to keep the accounts of its millions of big and little clients, and how distinctly complicated is the work which they will do in the great building in Kensington, whose foundation stone was laid by the king three years ago.

ZION CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Bishop Clinton Makes but One Change in Washington Pulpits.

The annual meeting of the Philadelphia and Baltimore Conference of the African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church closed last Monday night at the Union Wesley Church, this city. During the day resolutions disapproving the movement to pension ex-slaves passed the conference unanimously, and Bishop George W. Clinton announced the appointment to the various charges.

The assignment of pastors makes but one chenge in the city. Dr. B. J. Bolding, for three years pastor of the John Wesley Church. was transferred to Zion Church Warner street Baltimore. He will be succeeded here by Rev. L. W. Kyle. of Meadville, Pa. The new pastor of the John Wesley Church graduated from Lincoln University, both in the collegiate and theological departments. He is said to be an orator of more than ordinary ability Dr. Bolding has been quite successful in Washington, last year raising over $20.000 for his churcn. His removal was made against the protest of his congregation.

The appointments in the Washington district, Kev. R. J. Baniels, presiding elder, are:

Metropolitan, P. A. Wallace; Union Wesley, R. S. Rives; John Wesley, L. W. Kyle; Galbraith, S. L. Corrothers; Trinity, Logan Johhson; Lomax Chapel, Alexander Hannum; Clinton Chapel, Rockville, Md., W. S. Baily; Zion, Warner street, Baltimore, B. J. Bolding; Mount Olive, A. C. Washington; Gibson Grove and Forks., Z. T. Brown; Oak Grove and Brookville, W. H. Wright; Hillsdale, D. C. T. H, Somerville; Mount Zion, Baltimore, R. D. Mohr.

W. H. Snowden was transferred to the Kentucky conference and stationed at Jacob Street Tabernacle, Louisville, Ky.

Financial matters occupied the attention of the conference throughout the day. After the devotion services of the morning, led by Bishop Clinton, Rev. J. S. Cladwell, general stewart, gained the floor and closed the collections for various funds. Just before adjourning Rev. A. C. Washington of Baltimore, introduced the resolution opposing the movement to pension ex-slaves. Dr. Bolding and Dr, Johnson, of this city spoke on the resolutions. They declared that in the Southern States, especially in the rural districts, certain men had taken advantage of the agitation augmented by the introduction into the Senate by Senator Hanna of a bill to pension ex-slaves, and were collecting fees for the promotion of claims for pensions. To make payments to the "attorneys" these poor people are taking their small earnings and working hardships on themselves thereby. The resolution was proposed to benefit these persons. It was adopted unanimously.

During the afternoon several ministers took an excursion to Indian Head, returning in the evening. The oppoint ments were read at 7:30 o'clock, after which a reception in the church closed the conference.

These negroes could not meet without putting their mouths in the expension slave movement and politics. Rev. B. J. Bolden was removed from Jonn Wesley Church notwithstanding unanimous indorsement of the Church. He did not care to remain there at any rate.

AT ART REJOINDER.

ev. Bolding Scored—President Mitchell Challeges the Preachers.

Will He Accept?

Rev. B. J. Bolding,

Sir: I am truly glad to acknowledge that my attention has been called to the resolutions which were recently adopted in the session of the A. M. E. Zion Conference denouncing the ex-slave movement.

The bill introduced by Senator Mark Hanna is the product of the National Industrial Council of which I am the supreme President.

It causes my heart to ache with pain to see how wonderfully mislead are some of the opponents of this movement. While I know this great and noble advocation like the restitution of the Bible by Mark Luther, like the voyage of the Pilgrims at Plymouth like the Pioneers of American Liberty, like the great abolition of slavery and all other great propositions that seem to help the greatest number; it will have its Davids, it will have its Goliahs, it will have its Joshuas, and its Calons and we are expecting at all times its Thomases and Judases.

But like small grains of mustard seed planted upon the bosom of the earth we expect to wait with patience and endurance through much tribulation to continue for right and justice for we believe the seed of good that we plant shall spread like large fields of clover and at the proper time be gathered in the garner to perpetuate life for those that labored.

There may be some in the name of this movement throughout the country stealing but that does not keep this council from contending for that which is just and right. That we intend to do, that we are doing and that we shall continue to do in spite of Satan and all his friends.

Now your tender resolutions have gone to the world, no doubt some one who is anxious and egotistic for newspaper notority have at last accomplished their aims.

I shall now ask you to name the place and time that we may meet face to face before the people and let the people see and understand both sides of this subject for I believe a man without a front cannot have a back. It is a poor rule that doesnt work both ways I am ready to meet you at any place.

I beg to remain Yours a servant of Christ and the Negro.

R. P. MITCHELL, Pres.

SECRET ORDERS.

Craft will observe St. Johns day by going to Glymont. The event will be celebrated by music, speeches and song. The M. W. G. Lodge has appointed committees from the various Lodges

The 28th annual meeting of the Odd Fellows Union Relief Association, G. U. O. of O. F. for the district was held May 12th at the Zion Baptist Church, F street between 3rd and 4½ streets s.w. There was hyms, invocations, anthems and addresses.

May 8th Eastern Star Lodge 1028 (three links) gave a complimentary reception and banquet to Dr. W. C. Jones P. S, who has just completed his course in medicine. There was a large attendance.

THE BAND DISPUTE.

The committee that selected the Music consisted of Mrs. M. J. Cooper, of the High school, Dr. Bruce Evans, of the Manual Training school and Major Arthur Brooks. The latter member of the committee, Major Brooks met a representative of The Bee on Monday and when he was told of the disatisfaction that was expressed by the people as to the music, he said: There is no organized colored uniformed band in the city. He said he consulted many of the colored musicians and they all said that there was no uniformed band in the city, but they could select enough men for the occasion.

Prof. E. J. Hoffman further remarks: Major Brooks said, While he had no organized band, he could easily get a band, Why didn't you employ him, remarked The Bee's representative? Because said Major Brooks, he would not have the time to practice the music for a dress parade.

The people are of the opinion that it did not require very much practice for a band because there was no concert music to be played. All that the band had to do was to march the contesting companies in the field. Major Brooks went on to say he endeavored to get the colored band to play free of charge, just why he should have made this remark The Bee does not know. If the colored band would have played for nothing from the statement of Major Brooks one would have been selected, as they all refused, none are suitably organized.

MR. HOFFMAN STATES.

Prof. Elzie S. Hoffman states as follows:

I sent a communication to the music committee, Mrs. M. J. Cooper, Major Arthur Brooks and Dr. Bruce Evans, to the effect that I would furnish them a uniformnd brass band for the drill on Saturday May 23d. The committee had my communication with bid two weeks before the drill came off. I have never at any time disappointed any one. I offered to give the committee a guarantee. I had no personal talk with Major Brooks or any one else concerning music for the drill. All the business I had was in writing. I have never received any reply to my communication up to date. It is untrue that there is no organized band in this city. Further my band was out with the Knights Templars on the evening of May 21st ascension day and gave entire satisfaction

SENATOR M. A. HANNA.
The Noblest Roman of Them All.

Thursday May 21, 1903, the Sir Knights Templars of the district, under the auspices of Simon Commandery No. 1 K. T. observed ascension Services at Miles Chapel 3rd street between L and M streets northwest. Many prominent men were out.

The Odd Fellows held a meeting to raise funds to purchase ground at Providence Heights near West End. Falls Church, Va., for the erection of an Industrial School for colored youth to be named the McKinley Memorial Industrial School.

Ill. Inspected Gen E. W. Shields, 33° was married last week to Miss Martha Banks.

May 9th the Odd Fellows of Frankfort, Ky. laid the corner stone of a new Odd Fellow building. A large number was present.

The Odd Fellows of Shrevesport La. had their annual sermon preached

Recently a new Lodge of Odd Fellows was organized at Wharton, Tex., the new Lodge starts off with 25 new members.

The Odd Fellows of Georgetown, S. C. had their annual sermon preached.

The Texas K. of P. are getting ready for their big meeting to be held at San Antonia, 9, 10, 11 and 12th of June. What is the matter with the District?

At Bellits Metropole Ill. a new chapter of R. A M. was organized, the new chapter starts off with 40 members.

Members of Secret Orders make a big mistake in not paying more attention to The Bee.

For light on dark subjects read The Bee.

THE HIGH SCHOOL DRILL.

Disatisfaction Expressed.—Favoritism seems to be the Charge.—Mayor Arthur Brooks Explains the absence of Colored Music.

Every colored citizen of Washington and hundreds of white ones witnessed the drill of the High school cadets and Manual Training School, at the American league base ball park on last Saturday afternoon. The commissioners of the District, school trustees, principals and many teachers occupied boxes, while the specially invited guests occupied seats in the grand stand.

The drill was between the cadets of the High and Manual Training school. The former principalled by Mrs M. J. Cooper while the latter is principalled by Dr. Bruce Evans.

After the cadets formed a dress parade, headed by a section of the Marine band, when this was witnessed a great deal of disatisfaction was manifested on the part of many of the spectators. Many thought that acolored band should have been selected.

The admirers of both schools were present both claiming a victory for their favorite. When the result was announced, that Co. B of the Colored High school had won, disatisfaction reigned supreme on the part of the enthusiasts of the Colored Manual Training school. The judges it is claimed, were impartial in their decision, Mrs. Cooper, the principal of the High school whose company won received thousands of congratulations.

THE EIGHTH ATLANTA NEGRO CONFERENCE.

Alanta, Ga, May 26

The Negro conferences at Alanta University grow in interest and importance each year and this the eighth of the series has proven in many respects the most valuable yet held. The subject of study this year was the Negro church and the moral and religious condition of the Negro. The principal speakers were the Rev. Dr, Washington Gladden, the eminent sociologist and president of the American Missionary Associatron; Professor Kelley Miller of Howard University, the Negro mathematician and writer and Mrs. Mary Church Terrell, the first president of the National Federation of Colored Women's Clubs.

The conference opened this morning with an interesting study of the Negro churches of the Black Belt. Rev. Mr. W. H. Holloway of Thomas county presented a statistical study of the churches of his county and their conditions. The chuches in such counties are centers of Negro life; the buildings are usually alrge and poor and often used also for school houses. The character of the ministers varies largely; many are ignorant and immoral, others are painstaking and upright men. The Rev. Gladden followed with an address on "The Relation of Young People to Chuch and State."

The afternoon session was the annual mother's meeting. The principal address was made by Mrs. Mary Chuch Terrell on "The Negro Woman and the Church". Mrs. Terrell said among other things.

Upon the women of no race have the truths of the gospel taken a firmer and deeper hold than upon the colored women of the United States. So far as in her lay, none are more faithful in the discharge of duties to the Church than was the slave woman upon whom the sorrows and horrors of bondage fell with heaviest weight. No one who studies the history of the Negro Chuch can fail to see what an important part the women of the race have played in its development and growth. Considering the amount of work which they have accomplished, one can not help regretting that the record has been so poorly kept. But even from the meagre information which it is possible to obtain— from newspaper clippings, from pamphlets, from bits of ceapters in books, from conversation with those who have worked longest and most effectively in the Negro Church— it is clear that woman's contribution to its developments has been valuable and large.

Many interesting figures were presented: the students of Alanta found 54 Negro churches in Alanta which raise over $50,000 a year and own $200,000 worth of property. One hundred and fifteen typical chuches from all parts of the country reporting to the conference had 19,640 active members, $1,976,682 worth of property, and raise last year $210,839.88 for expenses. The Negro Baptists report for 1992, 2,039,427 members, $12 196,130 in property and $3,425,524.11 raised for expenses.

Resolutions were adopted by the conference calling for a renewal of spiritual ideals among Negroes and an expansion of church work in the lines of social reform. The arrangements for the conference were made by the secretary, Mr. W. E. Burghardt DuBois.

FAITHFUL TO DUTY.

Had to March with the Unemployed Before He Could Accept Regular Employment.

A London preacher had an interesting experience not long ago with a hungry man. The mendicant explained that he had found it absolutely impossible to get work. He had applied everywhere, always to be turned away, and at last nothing remained for him but to beg from door to door for the food that was necessary to keep life in his body.

The clergyman's heart was filled with pity. The poor man seemed to be honest, and after being furnished with a good meal he was asked where a message would reach him. He gave an address and went away.

Then the preacher sat down to think the matter over. He knew of no work that he could find for the man, but he decided to invent a job.

This gentle fiction could continue until something turned up, and in the meantime the unfortunate one would not have to be humiliated by knowing that he was living on charity.

Accordingly the next day the preacher sent a message to the luckless man, saying:

"Come at once. I have a position for you. We need a man to clean our schoolhouse and keep it in order."

He received an immediate reply as follows:

"Sorry I can't come. I have to march with the unemployed to-day. Would to-morrow do?"

The Dissolution of Bodies.

The bodies of animals buried four feet deep require more than four years for their complete dissolution; three feet deep, three years; two feet deep, two years; one foot deep, one year; while bodies not buried, but simply covered with a foot of earth, usually disappear, all save the bones, in less than a year.

Hens Made to Hatch Fish.

Ingenious Chinamen induce hens to hatch fish. They first suck the contents of an egg through a tiny hole, and refill the egg with the spawn of the fish they want to hatch. The hole is then sealed up, and the egg placed under a setting hen. In a few days the fish ova are so far advanced that one has only to break the shell into moderately warm water, and the little fish spring to life at once.

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Hourly Passenger Train Service between Washington and Baltimore

From New Jersey Ave., and C St., "every hour on the hour," 7:00 a. m. to 8 p. m. Returning, from Baltimore in like manner.

Bay Ridge Season.

Open June 13. Liberal concessions to Sunday Schools, Societies, and Organizations. For dates and terms apply to S. B. Hege, District Passenger Agent, B. & O. R. R. 707 15th St. J-1

TREES FOR FARMERS.

Department of Agriculture Distributing Rare Varieties.

Especial Effort to Encourage the Growing of Nut Bearing Trees —Almond Is Already Flourishing in California.

The United States government has inaugurated a new kind of gift enterprise. It is giving away trees, young seedlings of improved varieties, and is starting in to distribute them broadcast over the country. A building in the rear of the department of agriculture has been set aside for the purpose, with a force of men to pack the trees, some of which are simply tied in bundles for mailing, while others are shipped with their roots inclosed in small tin cylinders.

Special attention is paid to nut trees, with a view to encouraging the cultivation of improved varieties of the pecan, the Persian walnut, certain other kinds of valuable walnuts from Japan and the hazel nut. As for the last named nut (otherwise known as the filbert), which does not seem to be fully appreciated in this country, though greatly prized in Europe, no grafted seedlings are now ready for distribution, though they are being propagated. High hopes are entertained for a new species from Washington state that grows on a tree 60 feet long, which, because the stem is too slender to hold itself upright, runs along the ground line like a vine. The "vine" bears pods, in each of which are found two filberts in place of the usual single one.

Last fall "bud wood" of the veritable Jordan almond was obtained for the first time from Spain, and before long grafted seedlings of this unequaled variety will be furnished to growers in California. Almond growing is already an industry of great importance in that state, but the planters have not been able to produce a nut equal to the far-famed Jordan, which is preferred to all others by confectioners by reason of its beautiful shape. Many millions of pounds of Jordan almonds are now imported into the United States annually, but the prospect is that in a few years from now we shall be in a position to export them.

The government, says the New York Herald, employs the services of half a dozen "agricultural explorers," as they are called, whose business it is to ransack every corner of the world for whatever seems desirable in the way of new or valuable plants. The same man who secured the Jordan almond, notwithstanding the obstacles thrown in his way by Spanish growers, sent over not long ago "bud wood" of some wonderful Persian walnuts, which are six times the size of the ordinary ones and deliciously flavored. The wood has been used for grafts on common walnut seedlings and already some thousands of the grafted trees are on hand.

The growing of Persian, otherwise known as "English" walnuts, has become an important industry in southern California the last few years, the annual crop amounting to more than 2,000,000 pounds. When ripe the nuts —which are inclosed in a husk—are gathered by jarring the trees, to shake down those that are ready to fall, and then they are dried in the sun or by artificial heat, so that they may keep well and not turn rancid. Once in bearing, a plantation of Persian walnuts is one of the best paying properties under the sun. The trees do as well as far north as southern New York.

Experience has shown that pecan trees grown from the big paper shelled seeds cannot be relied upon to reproduce their like. Hence, it is preferred to send out grafted seedlings, the "bud wood" being obtained from the "freak" trees already mentioned. Such seedlings may be counted on to yield huge nuts, which, as soon as they come to be grown in large quantities, are likely to be the most prized of all nuts in this country, even surpassing the Persian walnut in popularity. A grove of these trees may easily give an annual profit of $1,000 an acre to anybody who has patience to wait ten years for them to come into bearing.

The cultivated chestnut is expected to take care of itself from now on. Nurserymen are growing superior varieties of the trees, improved by grafting, and before very long the nuts, of giant size and exquisite flavor, will be on the market at a moderate price. As yet they are only for rich folk. Use, by cross fertilization, has been made of the European marron, which is as big as a horse chestnut, and of the Japanese chestnut, which is nearly twice as large as the marron, the pollen of the foreign species being employed to fertilize the blossoms of our native chestnut. One of these cultivated chestnut trees will yield a clear profit of $40 to $50 per annum.

False Praise at Funerals.

A Missouri clergyman objects to the slobbering praise of the undeserving dead at funerals, and says that only the truth ought to be spoken. On this, the Louisville Courier-Journal thus comments: "If the Missouri minister who threatens to tell the truth at funerals carries out his threat, there will probably soon be a funeral at which he will figure otherwise than as the preacher."

They Say

Why do Colored men cring?

It is very easy to be fooled by our friends.

Senator Hanna is not saying a a word.

He is the labering man's friend.

The country looks upon him as the promoter of industries.

Senator Allen has gone into the running business.

You should never come to conclusions before you hear both sides.

Bunco men are numerous, if you but know it.

Bryan means to rule or ruin and don't you forget it.

It looks as if Cleveland is the only man in the country for the democrats.

Howord university is still in hot water.

Read The Bee if you want a friend.

J. W. Cromwell takes a delight in publishing one sided reports.

The Bee would suggest that he publish the amount due in grocery bills.

Some people would have you believe that they are immorculate.

The President will have a hard road to travel next year.

The town is full of bunco organizations.

Hon. Sidney Mudd is the coming man in Maryland.

The people are with Mudd and he will carry the state.

If you want a live paper read The Bee.

Senator Tillman trikes out periodically.

He is like a fish out of water if he doesn't say something.

The world is in a stew and humanity is its substance.

Some papers can be bribed.

A paper that is subsidized is not first to be taken.

A paper that declares that it has seven thousand circulation and only prints 1500 is not telling the truth.

A Paper that has a circulation of even thousand is a gold mi

The next National republican convention will be a great one.

There will be but a few delegates of color from the South to the next convention.

The Bee is the peoples paper.

Booker Washington may have the white people bluffed, but the white people haven't the negroes so

Ex-recorder Cheatham will not be appointed in the Bureau of Com

The successful man is the honest man.

A man who goes with an institution as its attorney and takes along another lawyer as his attorney is a bunco lawyer pure and simple.

If you have no confidence in yourself you can't expect other people to have any.

Read The Bee if you want a paper that will speak its sentiments.

If you live in hopes you may die in dispair.

Life is but a chance and all enterprises are likewise.

The Civil Liberty Convention is postponed to September 10th.

The negro is learning some sense.

Toadism was the characteristic of the old slave to his master,

When negro lawyers toady the ex-slave should be pitted.

The report of the Capital Savings Bank has been made.

Are you wiser or have the kickers made fools of themselves?

Booker T. Washington has always been in busines

BRIDES AND GROOMS.

Sometimes They Spend Honeymoon in Peculiar Fashion.

Unexpected Presentments Interrupt Current of Wedded Bliss at the Start, But Complete Happiness Usually Follows.

With so many people getting married all the while it is not strange to find some of them going through exceedingly peculiar honeymoons. It would be stranger, probably, if they all got married and then settled down just like ordinary folks.

The bridegroom who remained at work on the farm while his bride set out on her honeymoon dressed in her wedding gown and determined to have the time of her life affords a well known instance of peculiarity in this direction. Others have been just as strange, but not so well known.

Among the recent matrimonial doings there was one case of a bride who made her wedding trip to Ellis island and spent part of the honeymoon in charge of the immigration officers. There is also the story of the newly wedded pair who made their wedding trip in a balloon, quite unwillingly, and were rescued from it 24 hours later.

Marie Stoyanova is the heroine of the first story. Peter Bakalovitch is the bridegroom. Elias Yovtcheff is the interpreter. Rev. Nicholas Zeitzoff is the minister. Maria had just arrived in New York on the Deutschland. She had been engaged to the bridegroom before he had left his native Poland. He had become a prosperous farmer of Brookhaven, L. I. He knew his bride was coming on the steamer and he was awaiting it with minister, marriage license and interpreter—not that the latter would be needed in the ceremony, but possibly with the officials.

Unfortunately Maria, instead of coming by second cabin, saved money and came in the steerage. The immigration officials declared that she had to go to Ellis island for examination. That was not allowed to interfere

PETER ENTERED A PROTEST.

with the wedding, although the bride was immediately taken away from her husband.

He protested that as the wife of a prosperous farmer the officials had no authority to hold her, as she could not be classed with the indigent after her marriage to him.

When he reached the proper official with this protest it was recognized as being well based and the bride was released.

It was Samuel Spencer Springstead and Miss Wilhelmina Cole who ate peanuts on their wedding trip until they were sick. Samuel is 17 years of age. Wilhelmina is 15. They were forgiven on their return home. For eight days they made a round of all the amusements they could find in New York, ending with the circus at Madison Square garden.

Young Springstead already has learned to roll "my wife" off his tongue with all the assurance of a benedict of years of experience. When they eloped from their homes in Pleasant Plains, Staten Island, he had saved $25, which was to furnish funds for the wedding trip.

They were married near Perth Amboy, and then went to New York. They went to Proctor's, to all the vaudeville theaters they could find, took in all the amusements to be had, and wound up at Barnum's circus. There they bought peanuts with the abandon of youth, and ate fearlessly. When the glamour of the circus disappeared they found themselves with little money and a pronounced trouble in the region of the stomach. Under these circumstances their thoughts turned towards home, and their feet soon followed their thoughts.

Albert Johnson and Amelia Filbert had just been married. They had left their homes near Atlanta, Ga., and had gone into the city on their honeymoon. It happened that on the day of their arrival a circus opened its attractions, and among them was a captive balloon in which rides were offered.

It was the first trip of the balloon, and it proved to be the last for a few days. Of course the rope broke. Amelia and Albert sailed away into the clouds on their wedding journey. There was much confusion below and a great scurrying around of people. Searching parties were sent out to watch for the descent of the bridal car. Down it came at the end of 24 hours, 100 miles from Atlanta. The bride and groom decided that their wedding trip had been quite long enough and they hastened for the quietude of their homes.

Whiskey $1.10 Per Gallon.

We claim to be the *LOWEST PRICED WHISKEY HOUSE*. We real sell whiskey as low as $1.10 per gallon, and mind you; distill whiskey—not a decoction of chemicals—but of course it's new and under proof.

"CASPER'S STANDARD" 10 Year old whiskey is a liquid joy! It is actually produced by honest Tar Heels in the Mountain Section of North Carolina by the old time process. Every drop is boiled over open furnance wood fires, in old style copper stills, in exactly the same way it was made by your grand-fathers a century ago. First rate whiskey is sold at $5 to $6 per gallon, but it is not any better than we every customer or we will buy it back with gold—we are incorporated Under the Laws of North Carolina, with an authorized capital of $100,000.00 and the Peoples National Bank and Piedmont Savings Bank of Winston-Salem, N. C., will tell you our guarantee is good. This is old honest, mild and mellow whiskey is worth one dollar a quart, but to more fully introduce "CASPER'S STANDARD" we offer sample shipments of this brand at half price, (packed in plain sealed boxes) 5 Quarts $2.95, 10 Quarts $5.00, Express Prepaid Anywhere in the United States. All orders and remittances (in stamps, cash or by check etc.,) as well as requests for confidential price list *must be addressed as follows:*

W. B. Casper Co., Winston-Salem, N. C, U. S. A.

Main Office and Warehouses: Nos. 1043-46 Liberty and 1, 3, 4 and 5 Maple Streets.

WHISKEY $1.10 Pr Gallon.

The New Manifolding Hammond Typewriter.

PERFECT alignment and impression. Easy of operation. Work in sight. Changeable typeshuttles. The best typewriter for the business or professional man.

In Use By

Miss L. S. Chase,
Dr. Geo. H. Richardson,
P. W. Frisby,
J. L. Walton,
W. C. Chase
and others.

The Hammnd Typewriter Co, 521 NINTH STREET, N. W. Washington, D. C.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD AT

House & Herman

The Only Complete Housefurnishing Establishment in Washington.

42

STIEFF PIANOS

Have stood the test for sixty years. When buying from us you are buying direct from the manufacturer.

WE HAVE Other MAKES

Taken in trade which we can

low PRICES

UPRIGHT PIANOS AS LOW AS

15, square Pianos 5, Organs 15

Terms to suit

Stieff WARE Rooms

531 11th St N W

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Method in Her Madness.

"What on earth do you mean," her mother asked, "by urgin' your husband to get one of those outrageously high-priced Panama hats? Are you crazy to encourage such extravagance?"

"I shall want some more hats from time to time myself, mamma dear," the sweet young woman replied, "and he has always kicked so at the prices I pay."

"My darling! You always was such a hand for lookin' ahead. Let me kiss you."—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Strained Position.

The fellow who wants to hold office
In quite a dilemma is found—
He can't keep his nose to the grindstone
And also his ear to the ground.
—N. Y. Times.

LADY OF THE LARIAT.

Feats of Skill in Capturing Racing Broncbos Have Made Mr. Chamberlain Famous.

There is a woman in Arizona who can rope a wild horse with a lariat as well as any man on the ranches. She is the only expert lariat-thrower in the United States, and is the wife of Arizona's gentleman cowboy, Grant W. Chamberlain.

Mrs. Chamberlain can handle a rope with a dexterity that has made her famous throughout the cattle regions of the west. She is a wonderful horsewoman and a skillful general in a round-up.

Born in Michigan, Mrs. Chamberlain has spent the last eight years in the

GRACEFUL AND UNERRING.

west. Her husband has been coaching her in the work for years, but some of her most remarkable swings she invented herself.

Using a 50-yard rope, Mrs. Chamberlain can capture a racing broncho with astounding certainty and ease. In a stampede she is as cool as the best, and few are quicker and surer with the rope than she.

She dresses for her work in a blouse and bloomers and rides astride. Such dexterity as hers would be impossible in skirts. She takes exercises that would astonish the usual beauty-seeker who swings a two-pound dumb-bell.

With her 50-yard rope, Mrs. Chamberlain, standing well poised, throws circles back of her, in front, over or at the side, the spinning rope being started with a small circle which gradually enlarges as the rope is paid out. She next holds the circling rope, first in her right hand, then upon the wrist and forearm, then on the left hand, wrist and arm. This is called the "shifting-circles act," and is one of the most difficult known.

Then, encircled by the spinning rope, the woman leaps into and out of the revolving loop without marring the curve. An instant's hesitancy, a single wrong move, would send the 50 yards of rope out in a horizontal line and cause it to collapse in an instant.

ESCAPED IN MILK WAGON.

Cleveland Couple Evaded Unwelcome Attention by Beginning Honeymoon Humbly.

A honeymoon in which a milk wagon was the first conveyance utilized by the happy pair on their wedding tour was an unique feature of recent social happenings in Cleveland, O. Joseph H. Peck and Mabel H. Burgess were married on Wednesday evening at the home of the bride.

The participants are both well known in Cleveland, the bride having

FOOLING THE JOKERS.

been a supervisor of music in the East Cleveland public schools, and the groom secretary of the Young Men's Christian association. Members of the latter organization were the direct cause of the deviation from the usual custom of driving away from the house in a ribbon-bedecked carriage, followed by an embryo rice pudding and a shower of antique footwear.

For weeks the boys from the alphabetical society had planned the things they would do to that carriage. At the proper moment the crowd of jokers surrounded the hack and waited for the newly-wedded pair. At that very instant Peck was lifting his blushing bride to the seat of the milk wagon stationed in the alley, and before the would-be humorists had outgrown their impatience the couple were on board an east-bound train.

After singing three verses of "Oh, Fudge," the alleged friend of the newly-organized Peck family exclaimed "Pickles" and tanked up on vanilla soda to drown their regrets.

TRAMPS ARE JOYFUL.

With Gladness They Hail the Return of Gentle Spring.

Winter Always Is a Bitter Season for Weary Willie, But in the Good Old Summer Time He Enjoys Life.

There is some one who rejoices that the good old summer time is almost here again, even more than does the gay jaybird, the merry meadowlark, or the festive bobolink. It is Dusty Rhodes. And not only Dusty, but his friends—Wandering Willie, Meandering Mike, Peregrinating Pete, and all the rest of the family of the great unwashed, commonly known as tramps.

The winter time, says the Chicago Tribune, is a bitter season to the genus tramp. If he can he goes south; but even down south, away down south, sleeping out in January is no idle dream. Besides, so many tramps throng southward when the snow commences to fall in the north that the tramp industry in Dixie during the winter time is terribly overdone. Town marshals down south are cold and heartless and unfeeling, and southern town boards make horrible ordinances to the effect that people with no visible means of support shall be put to work in the city brickyard. So many tramps go south that there are members of the profession working both sides of the street all the way to New Orleans, and there are not enough cold handouts to go around.

So uninviting has been the southern field during the last few years that many tramps heroically prefer to remain in the north during the winter, and take their chances of freezing to death rather than to suffer the lingering starvation and the horrible certainty of working in the brickyard if they stray to the other side of Mason and Dixon's line.

So every winter thousands of tramps remain during the cold season in all the large cities of the north. Chicago winters thousands of them. Every freezing night finds hundreds of tramps besieging every police station

WEARIE AND WILLIE.
(They Won't Sleep Anywhere Except on Flower Beds.)

in town. In the morning, after sleeping all night on the brick floors, they are turned out into the cold world and must spend the day hanging around some saloon, venturing out now and then to beg money of some kind-hearted passerby. Sometimes they shovel snow, and once in awhile they carry in coal, and now and then they venture out to the ponds and rivers around the city and in northern Illinois and Wisconsin and work at cutting ice. But the tramps do not relish working in the ice fields any more than they like working in the brickyards down south, and after they get a little money they scurry back to Chicago and live as long as they can on their savings, and when that is done worry along again until their dire distress drives them back to work.

But now the good old summer time is coming again, and the tramp rejoices. In his dreams he sees again the fields and woods, with the blazing camp fire along the track, and smells the chicken cooking in the oyster can. In the summer he can sleep out of doors without the horrible fear of waking up and finding his feet frozen. In summer he can lock himself in a box car without wondering if he will freeze solid before the car is opened again. He can take trips down to little country towns on circus days, and reap a harvest of handouts, and probably cake. In summer he doesn't have to hang around a police station and beg his hereditary enemies to give him shelter. Instead of the hard, cold brick floor of a police station, he knows that within a few short weeks he can sink to rest on sweet smelling clover in a fine, large barn. In the morning he can borrow some eggs from a nest, and, wandering over to a nearby woods, build his fire and cook a dainty breakfast.

The summer time, with soft, languorous breezes, and starlit nights, and nodding trees, and babbling brooks, is the season that Wandering Willie loves. And he looks for it, and waits for it, and yearns for the "dear old summer time," and when it comes he rejoices and is exceeding glad.

The Coffee Chewing Habit.

The coffee chewing habit is increasing alarmingly. It is easily contracted because of the pleasant taste of the fresh roasted berries, and the exhilaration from the active principle of coffee being similar to that from the alcohol in beer and whisky, the habit is hard to break. The effects of coffee eating are much more marked than those from tobacco using. It wrecks the nerves, yellows the skin, and destroys the appetite.

COW ATE BANKNOTES.

Belfast Cat Slept on Jewelry Worth a Thousand Dollars.

Stories of Animals That Ruined Their Owners—Men Betrayed by Dogs Are Quite Numerous — Plague of Collies.

A Belfast woman named Watkins was suspected of having stolen and hidden in her house a quantity of jewelry valued at £200. Detectives called, says London Answers, and made a thorough search, but failed to find the missing property.

Just as they were leaving the last room, having given up their task in despair, a cat which had been sitting with her kittens in a basket in the corner, got up, stretched herself and mewed. One of the officers turned back, looked into the basket, and there discovered the jewelry, hidden in the hay which formed the cat's bed. The cat's owner is now expiating her crime in jail.

Another curious case of an animal unwittingly delivering its master up to justice comes from Wednesbury. An iron worker of that town was cruel enough to throw his dog down a disused pit 60 feet deep. The poor creature's moans were heard by passers-by, and one of them named William Jeavons pluckily went down and rescued the unfortunate beast, which was badly injured. It was taken to the police station and well looked after, and shortly recovered. But, as it was not known to whom it belonged, no steps could be taken to punish the person responsible for the outrage.

A week or two later the dog was accompanying one of the policemen through the streets, when it suddenly ran into the house and began to play with the children. The officer entered, and the master of the house confessed that the dog belonged to him, and that he had thrown it down the pit. He was at once arrested and

THE CAT WAS THE THIEF.

very heavily fined for his brutal conduct.

A very peculiar case was recorded of such a harmless creature as a cow inflicting very serious loss upon its owner. A farmer in Lanark county, near Ottawa, in Canada, had $29 in notes of the Bank of Ottawa. These he placed in the pocket of his coat, which he hung on a fence while he worked. When he came back he found that the wind had blown his coat to the ground, the notes had fallen out and the cow was quietly chewing up the last of them.

A hawker was recently before the magistrates at Nottingham on a charge of poaching. The keepers had suspected him for a long time, but invariably failed to catch him. On this occasion, however, they had secured a dog, which was brought into court. The moment the poor faithful beast saw its master it sprang out of the arms of the policeman and rushed to greet him. The evidence was held to be complete and the man was fined.

A most curious case of involuntary damage done by an animal comes from Worcestershire. During a heavy thunderstorm last August a valuable horse got terribly frightened, and, galloping up from the field toward the farm, got wedged in its blind panic between a wire fence and a barn containing a quantity of hay and valuable agricultural implements. Lightning struck the fence, and, passing through the body of the horse, killed it, afterward setting fire to the barn, which burned until it was completely gutted and all its contents destroyed beyond the possibility recognition.

Perhaps the most utter ruin ever inflicted upon human beings by domestic animals was in Patagonia, four or five years ago. A number of Scotch crofters emigrated to north Patagonia and began sheep farming, at which they were very successful. They brought out with them several valuable collies, and these for a time did good work.

But one winter one of these farmers died suddenly. His dogs, left without food, began to devour the sheep. They ran away, took to the hills and became the progenitors of a race of wild dogs which came down in packs and killed the sheep by hundreds.

So serious have matters become that a bounty of £2 a head is offered for these wild collies. If there are not soon exterminated it is said that the settlement must be given up, owing to the ravages of these animals.

Cheap Funerals in Berlin.

The officials of Berlin contemplate establishing of a city undertaker's shop, which will supply funeral paraphernalia at cost prices.

INTREPID NAVIGATOR.

Capt. Howard Blackburn Has Made Several Big Journeys in a Very Small Boat.

Capt. Howard Blackburn has the record of making longer voyages in a small boat than any other sailor in the world. He has just returned from a trip in which he traveled several thousand miles over the inland waters of the United States. The route he took was, indeed, interesting. He sailed around Cape Cod and through Long Island sound, and then down the Jersey coast as far as Atlantic City and Cape May. Then he went to New York and up the Hudson to the Erie canal, and through to Buffalo. He kept on through the lake to Detroit, and then to Chicago. He was in Chicago the latter part of August, and

CAPT. BLACKBURN'S BOAT.
(Only Twenty Feet Long, But Strong Enough to Cross the Atlantic.)

after a stay of about two weeks went down through the old Illinois and Michigan canal to the Illinois river and to the Mississippi. He kept on the latter river to Columbus, reaching there in November. From Columbus he went by rail to Mobile, Ala., and thence through the gulf of Mexico to St. Joseph bay, Pensacola, Tampa and Key West. From Key West he started for Miami, but in the Biscayne bay he went ashore, and later decided to sell his boat.

John R. Strong, of Cambridge, a summer resident of Gloucester, gave him a rowboat, which he named the Laura R. Strong, after Mrs. Strong. In this he rowed up the creeks, canals and the Indian river as far as Titusville, where he hauled across to Salt lake, on the St. Johns river, and from there went to Jacksonville, where he sold the rowboat and took a Clyde steamer for New York.

The first boat used by Mr. Blackburn, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, was the same in which he left Gloucester, Mass., a few years ago, crossing the Atlantic ocean and returning safely. He considers the inland trip recently completed far more difficult and almost as dangerous. The boat which he used is a little craft which is less than 20 feet in length. Mr. Blackburn is known as the "fingerless navigator," as a number of years ago he lost all of the fingers of one hand in an accident.

PHONOGRAPHIC DRUM.

Latest Device Used by Salvation Army to Attract Attention of the Careless Masses.

Still another proof has been brought to light to demonstrate that the Salvation Army is a progressive organization. The Springfield (Mass.) detachment has just purchased a remarkable phonographic arrangement, which is expected to attract the attention of the careless masses and halt them in their downward career.

The new attraction resembles a big bass drum. Inside of it is placed an

PHONOGRAPHIC DRUM.
(Latest Instrument of Torture Employed by Salvation Army.)

improved phonograph, which will dispense sacred and popular music as the army marches the streets or gathers on the corner for its regular services.

The drum and its contents have been mounted on a rubber-tired carriage, in order that there may be a minimum of vibration.

Gen. Booth-Tucker, of the army, has examined the instrument, and predicts its success as an aid to better results in the work of the organization.

If the innovation proves a success in Springfield, the army will purchase a large number to assist in their religious work throughout the country.

Corsets Cause Appendicitis.

An unusual number of serious illnesses and operations, especially for appendicitis, having occurred in ladies of the French nobility, a professor of the faculty of medicine was asked the cause. He said: "It is all due to the present fashionable corset, the pressure of which displaces the abdomen and impedes digestion."

Statesmen Who Were Soldiers.

Twenty-nine per cent. of the members of the senate and 13 per cent. of the house fought on one side or the other in the civil war.

AMERICA IS DOOMED.

Famous Yacht, First Cup Winner, to Be Broken Up.

Pieces of the Celebrated Craft Will Be Sent to Yachtsmen All Over the World—History of the Great Race of 1851.

A calamity is about to befall the yachting world — the gallant old America, which won the America's cup in 1851, is to be broken up. She is no longer seaworthy and her owner, Congressman Butler Ames, of Boston, will have the boat taken to pieces. The different parts will be distributed to yachtsmen all over the world. The last time the old boat was in commission was the day the Defender won the deciding race of the series of 1895 and sent the Valkyrie III., a defeated boat, back across the Atlantic.

For more than half a century the brave old hulk has fought battles with the sea. She was built in 1851 by Governor Steers for John C. Stevens. Stevens had a very fast yacht, which he believed was the finest afloat, called the Maria. This Maria had a long, hollow bow, and Steers fell in love with its model, but believed he could improve on it. So he offered to build the America for Stevens, and Stevens offered to buy the America from Steers at his own price, if it was better than the Maria. Nothing could be fairer than this, and Steers set to work on this arrangement. The America was built and was a beauty, but she was, nevertheless, at first a failure; for she was expressly built to beat the Maria, but instead of this the Maria beat her, and so Stevens would not take her.

The America was sold to five men, two of whom were members of Mr. Stevens' family, and they took her to England on a cruise. The party arrived in the Salent in 1851, "Exhibition year."

A cup had been offered, valued at $500, for the winner of a race around the Isle of Wight, open to any vessel, of any rig, of any nation, without time allowance. The America was entered. Pitted against her were 14 yachts, the flower of the British yachting navy, the choicest products of transatlantic

THE CUP WINNER AMERICA.
(Famous Yacht Which Is Now Being Broken Up by Its Owner.)

shipbuilding skill. The starting gun was fired at ten o'clock, August 22. All the yachts were away in an instant except the America. She hung in the water as though anchored. Just why the American yacht should have been the last away has never been explained, but in a few minutes the long black hull began to creep up. The America was sacrificing speed to secure the windward berth. When only three yachts remained between the Yankee boat and the lead the skipper eased the tiller and bore down upon the leaders like a hawk. In half an hour after a bad start the America had shaken loose the last Britisher and was in the lead. Off Sandown bay, the wind freshened to a light gale and carried away her jibboom, but the competitors gained only a few hundred yards. When she finally crossed the line there was no other yacht in sight. Queen Victoria had the news of the race brought to her by a special messenger.

Twenty minutes after the America won, the British yacht Aurora arrived at the stake boat and was awarded second prize. For years the "old timers" at Southampton could not be made to believe that she had sailed fairly. It was alleged that she carried a small wheel in the keel and she was actually examined by several British yachtsmen.

After the race in 1851, the America was sold to an Englishman, and for several years was lost to public sight almost entirely. Her hulk lay high and dry on the bank of one of the English rivers. The next that was heard of her was as a blockade runner in southern waters in the civil war. She was captured by the United States, and remained government property for many years. At one time she was sunk in a Florida river to prevent her capture by federal gunboats.

George Steers, who modeled the America, was killed by a horse in 1853. The America is 83 feet long at the water line. She cost $12,000. As an illustration of the advance made in yachting, it may be said that the Reliance was insured recently for $100,000, which is much less than her cost. At the time of the race the America carried two masts and rigged as a two-masted schooner. It was not until after the civil war that she was converted into a single masted boat.

One part of the America, says the Kansas City Star, was removed while the boat was in England before the civil war. It was the American eagle which decorated the yacht's stern. It now hangs over the door of the Royal Eagle hotel at Ryde, Isle of Wight.

SPAIN'S YOUNG KING.

He Is Unable to Stem Republican Progress and Revolt Is Near in His Capital City.

Unless something very unexpected should happen it seems that a revolution is inevitable at Madrid. Ever since the unlucky war with the United States the taxes have been almost unbearable, and the country has been on the verge of ruin. Small riots have been the order of the day all over, and on top of the now comes the terrible frost and snow of May, which has ruined all prospects of a good crop this year. The frost came most unexpectedly after a severe drought of several months.

The peasants of Andalusia, La Mancha and Castile are suffering from lack

KING ALFONSO XIII.
(Boy Ruler of Spain Who May Lose His Throne Very Soon.)

of food, and the field workers have assumed a threatening attitude, which has caused the government to call out the troops. Cordova has been under military law for some time, and the anarchists are very active.

The king of course, cannot be expected to be able to meet a crisis of this kind, and is said to be very vacillating, now listening to his prudent advisers, who advocate the building of public roads and works to relieve the distress caused by want of employment, and then giving way to his youthful impetuosity and giving orders to use shot and bayonet and smother the riots in blood.

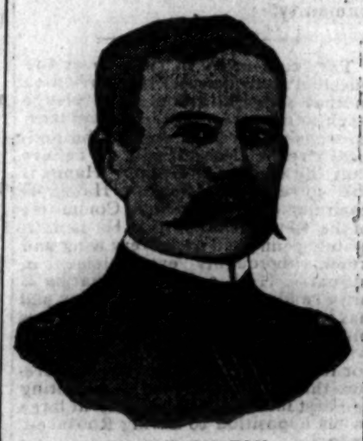
It is said that there is a great deal of worry in court circles, where it is realized that the king is hardly more popular with the people than his Austrian mother, and who know that the wish for a republican form of government is really growing. The amazing gains of the republicans in the last election to the cortes have not been without effect upon the ruling aristocracy.

GEN. BURTON ADVANCED.

Made Inspector General of the United States Army, with Headquarters at Washington.

Gen. George H. Burton has received his commission as inspector general of the army and entered actively on the discharge of the duties of that office. He has been stationed at Governor's Island, N. Y., for several months past as inspector general of the department of the east.

Inspector General Burton was born in Delaware, and was graduated from the West Point military academy in the class of 1865. As an infantry officer he served under Gen. Stoneman three years in the south in reconstruction times, and was in the Indian country on the extreme frontier nearly 14 years. He was actively engaged in the Modoc, Nez Perce and Bannock Indian wars, and was breveted major for distinguished conduct at the battles of the north fork of the Clear Water, Idaho, and at Capt. Jack's Caves, in the lava beds of northern California. In 1885 he was promoted major in the inspector general's department by President Cleveland for meritorious service with his regiment. Since then he has served almost continuously west of the Mississippi river and in Cuba. One notable event of his service in Cuba was the unearthing of the frauds in the postal affairs of the island. He carries with him ripe experience for the fulfillment of the duties required in his new sphere, and is probably as well equipped for the position of inspector general as any other officer in the department.



GEN. G. H. BURTON.
(Newly-Appointed Inspector General General of the United States Army.)

The Cranberry Country.

The bulk of the cranberries of this country come from the part of eastern Massachusetts, which lies near Cape Cod.

JAMP FIRE STORIES.

Pathetic Incidents in the Life of a Gettysburg Veteran.

After the Sawbones Had Cut Off His Arm He Slept in a Barn and Awoke to Find His Strange Comrades Dead.

At a recent impromptu campfire in this city, says the Washington Star, several old fellows, as usual, had much to say of the civil war, particularly concerning events and circumstances in which they either had participated or were able to relate with the soundest reasons for belief in their truthfulness.

On this special occasion incidents more or less relating to the battle of Gettysburg were talked about. An old clerk in one of the departments, who carries with him constantly a souvenir of that terrific struggle in the shape of an empty sleeve, told of certain experiences that befell him after he became hors de combat.

"I received my quietus," he said, "on the second day of the Gettysburg fight. One thing I recollect perfectly, and that is the day was a scorcher. I'm talking about the caloric in the atmosphere now, not about the heat of the fight. Men on both sides know all about that. About four o'clock in the afternoon I was kneeling on one knee, all ready to take another shot, when all of a sudden I thought a hornet stung me. Well, it was a hornet; but it was made of lead, and came out of a confederate rifle. I soon found that out and reported to the rear in double quick order.

"Well, as I could show blood, I was passed on, and I swear that then I felt as if I were on a vacation. I wanted a drink of good, cool water, for that remaining in my canteen was as hot as if it had been boiled; so I went on looking for a river, or a

HE MET TWO OFFICERS.

brook, or spring, or any place where I could quench my thirst. Soon I found one in a sort of a little grove. It was just bubbling, and gurgling, and sparkling, and I thought it was one of the prettiest sights I ever saw in my life. I just lay down on my stomach and, with my wounded arm thrust deep into the water, I drank my fill. I never had such a refreshing draught in all my born days. It put new life in me, and I remember to this day that I sat down for a long time and wondered, among other things, if there wasn't good trout fishing in the stream. Then, after the long rest, I resumed my journey.

"I hadn't gone far when I met two officers. They had boxes under their arms, and it was not difficult for me to recognize them as medical officers. They were young men, both of them, and after a short talk with me and an examination of my wounded 'wing' they began to talk to each other about mortification and amputation, and all that sort of thing, at the same time informing me that it was necessary to cut my arm off then and there. They assured me of their regret that they had nothing in the nature of anaesthetics. I kicked, metaphorically and physically. I wanted to go to a hospital, but they said nay, and the result is here," and he held up what remained of the arm.

"It was nearing or quite sundown when the surgeons met me, and I enjoyed their company for about half an hour, when I went my way and they continued on their journey. About eight o'clock, over a little range of hills, I saw the big, round, yellow moon flooding the country with light. The evening was growing cooler, and I was ready for all the repose I could get. I saw by the moonlight a barn or outbuilding of some kind, and I made for it. When I looked in the door I saw it was already occupied, but there was room for one more. The temporary tenants were scattered around in all directions, some sitting up against the wall and others supine on their backs on the floor. They were all soldiers, and I noticed particularly one who was sitting down with his musket between his knees. He was leaning against some boards. Nobody said anything to me, so I entered without the slightest ceremony and was asleep before the second hand of a clock could traverse the tenth part of its circle. The sun was high in the heavens when I awoke, and I noticed that my roommates were still asleep. The man with the rifle between his knees was in the same attitude and so were all the others. Yes, they were all in a slumber from which they will never awake until a trumpet louder than any yet sounded on earth shall call them back to life again."

THAT BOY "SPOONER."

His Bright Future Was Predicted Many Years Ago by Gov. Fairchild, of Wisconsin.

John C. Spooner, who was recently given his third election to the United States senate by the republicans of Wisconsin, has had a brilliant political career. This was predicted back in the sixties, when he was private secretary of the late Gov. Lucius Fairchild, of his state. One day, shortly after the civil war, Senator Stark, of Wisconsin, called uponthe governor to discuss a bill which he had helped through the legislature. He was afraid that the governor contemplated vetoing it, and was prepared to do some plain talking in its behalf.

The discussion had begun when the old senator caught sight of the pri-

HON. JOHN C. SPOONER.
(His Great Career Was Predicted Away Back in the Sixties.)

vate secretary. Col. Spooner was a young man then of about 22, and had the appearance of one much younger.

"Governor," said Starks, "I wish you would send that boy out of the room."

Gov. Fairchild glanced around.

"I see no boy, senator," he replied.

"Step this way, John," said the governor, after Stark had pointed out the secretary as "that boy." "Senator Stark allow me to introduce you to my new private secretary, Col. John C. Spooner."

Then, as the senator endeavored to recover from his embarrassment, the governor, who was much given to saying nice things to and about people, added:

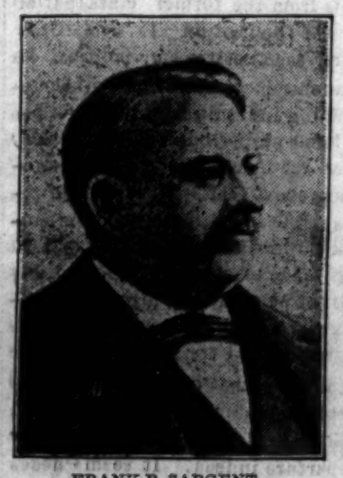
"Take a good look at him, senator; Wisconsin is likely to send 'that boy' to the United States senate one of these times."

"That boy," at that time, was a graduate of the Wisconsin university and had served as a soldier in the civil war, winning two commissions—one as captain and the other as major—and was even then a good lawyer, as he is today one of the first in the nation.

OFFICIALS ALARMED.

Large Influx of Criminal Foreigners Into United States Should Be Stopped, They Say.

The United States immigration officials are becoming alarmed at the continual large influx of criminal foreigners into the United States. As a result it is extremely probable that the most rigid measures will be adopted under the new law to bar out immigrants who are suspected of criminal tendencies. It is stated that the worst class of immigrants to this country come from southern Italy. They now outnumber the immigrants from every other country of Europe, and at the present time are coming at the rate of 30,000 a month. Ninety per cent. of them remain in the big cities, where they en-



FRANK P. SARGENT.
(United States Superintendent of Immigration.)

ter all kinds of cheap industries, such as banana selling, etc. In New York the complaints against low-grade Italians are constantly growing, and they are regarded as the most dangerous class of residents found there.

It is stated at the treasury department that good proof exists that there is a regular padrone system in operation in the United States and Italy for bringing large numbers of Italians into this country. In fact, it is believed that the bulk of the Italians that are now flocking here are brought over under contract. The officials have been of this opinion for some time, but the tracks of those engaged in the enterprise have been covered up so skillfully that it has been exceedingly difficult to get hold of the evidence necessary to secure convictions.

The scheme is a big one, and involves people both in Italy and in the United States. It may be stated on authority, also, that a special agent is now abroad in search of facts that will warrant the government in taking steps to break up the importation of Italian workmen and punish those engaged in the business.

The Bee.

PUBLISHED AT

1109 "I" St., N. W. Washington, D.C.

W. CALVIN CHASE, EDITOR.

Entered at the Post at Washington, D. C., as second-class mail matter.

ESTABLISHED 1882.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy per year	$2.00
Six months	1.00
Three Months	60
Subscribe, monthly	20

WHO WILL BE THE NEXT FOOL?

We had thought that about every phase of the so-called negro problem had been touched upon by the horde of speculative, gushing, disgusting and over-sympathetic white fanatics and busy bodies, who are letting their own campfires go out while attending to business which does not concern them and which they can in no wise help or hinder. The negro has been discussed as a social, moral, material political factor. He has run the gamut of hatred, proscription ostracism. Even his title to a place in swarm of humanity has been questioned. He is buffeted here and kicked there and scorned yonder. And notwithstanding all, he is moving along in the even tenor of his way, advancing in home culture, in intelligence, in prosperity toward the high water-mark of the most approved civilization. The scorn, the contumely, the persistent opposition of the white enemy he has met with patient christian forbearance, content to let time and the eternal principle of truth and justice vindicate his claim to equality.

But now another element has been injected into the much mooted and sorely vexed question. Bold daring diabolical duplicity, under the guise of sincere professional criticism, has unmasked itself in the shape of an article contributed to the *Atlantic Monthly* for April by one Alfred H. Stone of Greenville, Miss, under the title "The Mulatto as a factor in the race problem." Without going into the particulars of the disgusting rot. the main points bought out are about as follows:

The negro question will never be satisfactorily settled until the mulatto is differentiated from the pure negro and treated accordingly, that it is from the former class that all of the opposition to Jim Crow cars, social ostracism, political disfranchisement and all the other degrading indignities which beset the colored people round about proceed; that the blacks are a listless nonpaogressive class, incapable of respectable social, moral or intellectual improvement and could be readily made to supinely yield to any sort of persecution, injustice or indignity without protest and that the only national treatment of the race problem is that of arraying the colored people against one another on the basis of color. Here is a new departure indeed. It seems necessary to divide the race against itself if the wishes of the South are to be realized. Here is a confession which puts to shame the apparent and adherent policy which is charged to the Russians of getting rid of the Jews—that of inciting riot and urging the the murder and ultimate decimation of the Jew in Russia. There are many questions which arise in connection with the scheme of this marplot Stone. In the first place, how is he to remove the common cause for which the entire colored race stands as a unit? Is it the policy of this new prophetto accelerate the movement toward hybridization which already obtains at the South in fearful degree and thus produce of large majority of mulatto men and women to dominate the blacks? Has he counted the cost of the moral depravity involved? What method will be used to bring about this antagonism? Does he suppose that any sort of promise or inducement on his part can bring it about?

It looks like the enemy has reached the last ditch and is seeking for a new "tack." But the foolish advocate of negro disintegration will find that he has been mistaken at all points. In the first place his promises are base fabrications. He knows that he is telling a barefaced falsehood when he says that the blacks are listless and unconcerned about their God-given rights. He is no more truthful when he intimates that the mulattos are the cause of all of the agitation against Jim Crow Cars and the like; for the crusade against injustice and social and political ostracism is the effort of all colored people of what ever shade of color and will continue to be joint effort until the rights of the whole people are freely and unequivocally acknowledged. The vaporings of this new domon from the South are calculated only to cement the colored people into stronger bonds of sympathy and affection and to weld them into a more solid phalanx to meet and combat and overcome the antagonisms of a mean and spiteful opposition. This new departure on the part of Stone will not work. The theories advanced are the output of an addled brain and a complete misunderstanding as to the people with whom he is dealing and the great principles involved. The colored people will stand together despite the storms, believeing in the ultimate triumph of right and justice and the eventual ackowledgment on the part of the white, the world over of the epuality of all races without regard to race color or previous condition of servitude.

Senator Hanna.

The country is with Senator Marcus A. Hanna in his contention with Senator J. B. Foraker. It does not go to show that Senator Hanna is against the nomination of President Roosevelt, because he doesn't agree to indorse him at the coming State convention. The question is, can the coming Ohio state convention bind any subsequent convention that is to elect delegates for the national Republican convention that is to nominate a candidate for the Presideney? Suppose the coming Ohio state convention indorse President Roosevelt for the Presidency and the convention that is to meet next year indorse some other candidate, what next? As national chairman, Senator Hanna thinks it impolitic. While Senator Foraker is a very brilliant man The Bee is of the opinion that Senator Hanna is right and Senator Foraker is wrong.

What Does it Mean?

The graduating exercises of the white High Schools will be held in Convention hall, while those of the colored will be held in the Metropolitan Church on M street. It is claimed by the colored school authorities that a larger place could not be obtained except Convention hall. If this be a fact, why wasn't Convention Hall secured?

One tenth of the colored people will not be able to secure admission to the Metropolitan church. The seating capacity of the church is 1800. The Bee would like to ask what does it mean and who is to blame? Mr. Cook always had to contest for a suitable place for the graduating exercises of the colored schools and he always exercisep sufficient manhood to secure a suitable place for the colored schools. It is the duty of the District government to secure equal accommodation for the graduating exercises of the colored schools and if there is any discrimination on account of color the government should build a hall or prepare suitable accommodation in the High school building for both the white and colored schools. It is claimed that the National theater could not be obtained. Did any member of the school board make any efforts to secure this place? The Bee is of the opinion that there is not enough manhood exercised in the board of education by the colored representatives.

The colored people are becoming dissatisfied at the way the colored schools are being treated. The influence of each of the colored officials is growing "beautifully less". Where the school officials are appointed and subjected to certain influences other than that of the people, it is not presumed that they will attempt to please the people, but those to whom they are obligated for their appointment. The Board of Education should be elected by the people and the people, they should endeavor to please.

The Metropolitan church is too small to accommodate the people and if the Board of education will not remedy this evil the District Commissioners should do so at once What does it mean?

REV. T. S. HAMLIN.

The Bee has been informed from reliable sources that Rev T. S. Hamlin, the acting president of Howard University is a man of influence and just the person to be at the head of Howard University. Of course Howard University is in need of a man of influence and one who is in touch with public men. No man is better, qualified, if reports are true, than Dr. Hamlin. The Bee knows him to be a gentleman and a fair man who will do all in his power to bring Howard University up to the standard of perfection. Howard University needs a reorganization. There are certain forms that Dr. Hamlin tought to make if he should decide to accept the presidency of that great institution. It has done a great work for the colored people throughout the United States and should it ever become crippled, to a great extent, the colored people will feel it.

Later Dr. John Gordon of Tabar College Iowa has been appointed. Good man.

Meddlers.

There are a certain class of people in this country who are never satisfied unless they are meddling with other people's business. What is in the ex-slave movement that colored men should condemn? Have not those who lost in the late rebellion asked for the pay for their slaves and other real property? Why should not the negroes ask to be paid for their labor while in slavery? Will these men pretend to say that the slave should not be paid? If these colored preachers would only attend to their church work and save souls, they would be doing something for humanity.

The contention in Ohio over the question as to whether the convention in that states all indorse and pledge itself to Roosevelt for the second term is arousing great interest in the political circles. For our part we believe that the attitude of Senator Hanna is the correct one. Senator Hanna is chairman of the National Committee of the Republican party. He is intimately connected with every wing and knows thoroughly every element of his party. He has declared that he is not a candidate for the presidency and has informed the president that he is his friend. Moreover Senator Hanna will conduct the next campaign if it is for Roosevelt. It would seem therefore that Senator Hanna is consulting the best interests of the party at large in his opposition to having Roosevelt indorsed.

Moreover it would seem that Senator Foraker is simply seeking to get back at Hanna on account of some previous bickering and misunderstandings and is endeavoring to make the president think that Hanna is his enemy. Not to pass the resolution will do no harm to Roosevelt's candidacy, while to pass it might engender disruptions and antagonisms which might do him harm. If Senator Hanna is anything, he is loyal and truthful and his judgement should be respected. We are no prophet; but if the fight goes on, we have no doubt as to the outcome.

The Rev. Dr. Hollis who now occupies the pulpit recently vacated by Dr. Lyman Abott, of Brooklyn, N. Y., in a sermon delivered not long since, referring to the attitude of Ex-President Cleveland, Lyman Abbott and Booker Washington, made use of this most terst language, "Let us hope that that wise man Booker Washington, will not be controlled by superficial statements or, in leading his host out of the wilderness, look toward the drifting cloud or study the tin weathercocks on the neighboring barns. If he and his pilgrim host ever reach the promised land of happiness and peace they must steer by the stars that are fixed and immovable." This comes from the friend of the race—from a man who has wisdom and can see in the untenable attitude of Booker Washington a menace to the ultimate equality of the negro race. Such warnings should be heeded even by Washington but more than all by those who have the real interests of the race at heart. If the race is to rise, it must be by heaving close to the lines of manly principles and moving in channels through which other races have found happiness and prosperity.

Senator Hanna is the ideal man of the nation.

President Roosevelt will be satisfied with Ohio's indorsement.

Prof. Elzie S. Hoffman contradics Maor Arthur Brooks.

Senator Tillman says that more education you give the negro the worse it makes him.

The so-called educated negro does some peculiar things.

Major Brooks and the music committee ought to explain.

Major Brooks is the authority for the statement that there are no organized uniformed bands in the city

There are hopes of a political upheaval.

The Manual Training school Cadets will win next year.

Dr. Bruce Evans took the defeat of his boys like an old Roman.

Major Riabard Sylvester received on last Monday night a distinguish honor that no public official has ever received in the District of Columbia

Gov. Pennypacker of Pennsylvania has gotten himself into hot water.

The Editor of the Conservator is devoting too much to the Editor of Straddleback. The Bee's able contemporary has a nigher mission.

What has become of John Mitchell? Old boy let the country hear from you.

Consensus of opinion is that C. D of the Manual Training School won the medal. There will be no mistake next time.

Ben Tillman made one true assertion when he said the difference between the American and Philippine negro is, the former prays for his freedom while the latter fights for his.

There should be a little more nerve instilled in the colored members of the Board of Education.

A little reformation at Howard University may be good.

Prof. J. M. Gregory is the "it" at Bordentown, N, J.

Senator Haana will show you a thing or two.

With every administration negro leadership grows beautifully less

The enemies to the negro schools can now see how valuable Ex-Superintendent Geo. F. T. Cook was.

Those who wanted reforms in the colored schools have received too many reforms.

If you want to see a negro politician grin, just say yon intend to give him an office.

The colored labor commission will no doubt report the beauties of the Philippines and the Hawaiian Islands.

Onions Make Fine Skin.

The women of Bermuda are noted for their fine complexions. This is partly accounted for by the fact that they eat plentifully of onions.

Young Ladies in Scarlet.

The mourning color for unmarried women in Brazil is scarlet, and the young ladies look quite gay in it.

Anything to Oblige.

Mr. Greatman—I wish you'd stop printing my portrait every time any little thing happens to me, or else get a new one. You've had that old plate in 17 times.

Editor—All right, my dear sir. Anything to oblige.

Assistant Foreman (a week later)—I can't find that picture of Sam, the sneak thief, anywhere.

Foreman—Well, dump in that old picture of Mr. Greatman. It ain't going to be used for him any more.—N. Y. Weekly

CUPID KNOCKED OUT.

Has the Hand of the Little God of Love Lost Cunning?

It Looks So, Judging from Recent Mishaps to Fond Hearts—Bride and Groom Whipped by Irate Mamma.

Something seems to be wrong with Cupid these days. He appears to have the rheumatism or a touch of the neuralgia, or something of the sort. Recently he allowed a fond mother to catch two of his devotees and administer a sound beating to both with her large and sturdy fists. They had to take refuge with the sheriff. When a thing like that can occur it is evident that Cupid is not up to standard.

This occurrence was positively disgraceful from Cupid's standpoint, says the Chicago Tribune, and if he were employed by any ordinary business firm would result in his being laid off two weeks without pay.

Carrie Tietge and Vigo Nelson, of Fremont, Neb., eloped to Council Bluffs and were married. Then they returned to Fremont and informed their friends of the occurrence, not telling their parents. The friends arranged a celebration for them and Mother Tietge learned of the wedding. She at once sought the sheriff and persuaded him to go out and capture them. He was successful and brought them to the jail.

At the sight of the two her wrath, being Teutonic, also became Titanic. Assaulting them first with a bombardment of heavy German words, she followed this with a charge, fists upraised.

The unfortunate Mrs. Nelson was swept off her feet at once. Two well-directed blows from the shoulder raised her off her feet, threw her against the sheriff's wife, who was an interested spectator, and landed both sprawling on the floor.

Mrs. Nelson being evidently down for the count, the enraged mother made for her new son-in-law. He en-

POUNDED HIM UNMERCIFULLY.

deavored to protect himself, but she beat down his guard and in spite of the sheriff was pounding him unmercifully when reenforcements arrived and she was pulled away.

Things were exciting enough then, but the disorder was increased by the arrival of her son with a revolver. He expressed a desire and inclination to spread carnage throughout the jail, but was persuaded to abandon his intentions. After the mother and son had been expelled the bride and bridegroom refused to leave the custody of the sheriff, fearing that the mother was waiting for them outside. Cupid will be in disrepute in Fremont for a month.

Again in Los Angeles Cupid came out second best in a tilt with a grandmother. Miss Marie Everist, a St. Louis heiress, and Harry George Brown wanted to get married. They applied to the young woman's grandmother for permission and she refused to grant consent.

Thereupon they decided that her consent was not necessary and arranged to have the wedding anyway. They laid their plans carefully, but Mrs. Everist discovered them.

When they set out innocently enough for a walk, intending to go to the marriage license bureau and secure a license and have the ceremony performed immediately, the grandmother was not ignorant as they supposed her to be. She used the telephone. By this means she secured an attorney and told him to prevent the getting of a license. The girl was under age, she said, and would require consent.

When the two reached the license window they found the attorney waiting for them. Miss Everist insisted that she was 21 years of age, but grandmother's word was accepted by the clerk. No license was issued.

In Marjne City, Mich., 17-year-old Carrie Badgley and 19-year-old Charles Fraser decided to wed. Mother Badgley opposed it and told them they couldn't. They said they would. They didn't and the following is the reason why. They stole away to Robert's landing and succeeded in crossing safely to Port Lambton, where they discovered that they could not get a train for Chatham, Ont.—their destination—for several hours. They were sitting in the railroad station waiting rooms discussing the details of furnishing a three-room flat, which they had decided would be plenty big enough, when all of a sudden in walked Mrs. Badgley.

It was too bad, but there was nothing to do but take a train back for home under her supervision. Charlie is threatening to have his bride as soon as his mustache grows, but that is not much consolation for the present.

SENSATION IN CHURCH.

Old Woman Falls Dead at Praise Service and Pastor Has to Avert Impending Panic.

While the organist in St. Mark's Methodist Episcopal church, Pleasant Plains, S. I., was playing the prelude to "Old Hundred" a stir in the center of the crowded auditorium interrupted the service.

Mrs. Elizabeth Seeman, one of the oldest members of the congregation had suddenly cried out and then fallen forward dead.

Many of the worshipers who did not know the cause of the confusion started to leave the church. There was danger of a panic for a few minutes

FELL FORWARD DEAD.

but it was averted by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Jones.

Doctors were called and Mrs. Seeman was carried into a vestibule, where it was found that she had been stricken with apoplexy and that death had been instantaneous.

It was to have been a praise service in celebration of the fact that the church had just been remodeled at an expense of $10,000.

There was no more enthusiastic worker in this cause than Mrs. Seeman. She had toiled for years to assist in raising the money required and she had devoted much of her time to the project.

Her face was aglow with pleasure when she entered the church to witness the crowning event of the plans.

"I feel years younger," she told her friends. "It seems as if I have been waiting all my life for this day."

But the excitement overcame her and it was soon after the pastor had announced the first hymn that she uttered a cry and sank to the floor. From a praise service the meeting became one of mourning. The pastor paid a tribute to the faithful woman and the service was cut short.

GIRL ROUTS BURGLAR.

Only Weapon She Could Find Was Golf Club Which She Used with Excellent Effect.

Miss Yondale Cudahy, the pretty 17-year-old niece of John Cudahy, the packing plunger, of Chicago, routed a burglar in jig time in her home, No. 6210 Madison avenue. Miss Cudahy is an athletic girl. She is an expert on the links, a clever basket-ball player and a star in lawn tennis.

"I was cleaning some gloves," said she, "and had sent my maid for some gasoline. I was alone in the dining room. I heard a rasping sound on the door leading to the kitchen. Thinking

JERKED THE DOOR OPEN.

it was my maid trying to frighten me I seized a golf stick with the intention of frightening her.

"I jerked the door open and was startled to see a man with a file in his hands. I struck him on the head with the stick and backed away. He jumped towards me and I struck him again. This time the blood flowed and he ran for the kitchen door. I followed and struck him again, breaking the stick.

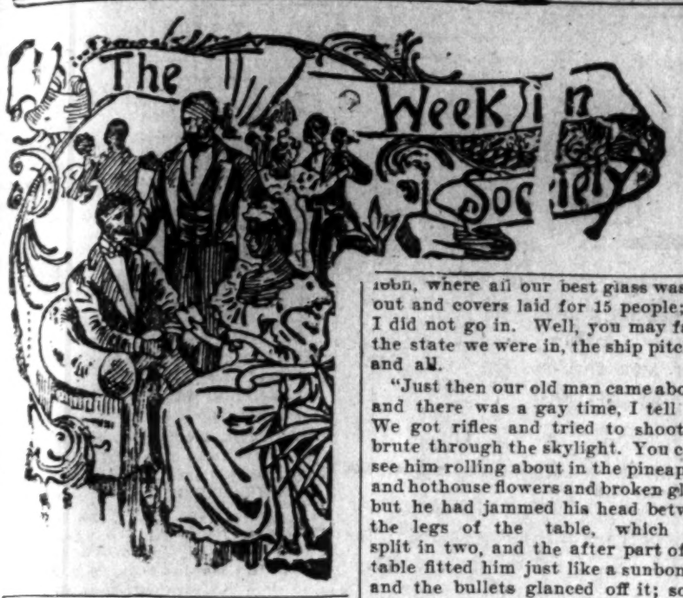
"The door was open and he ran out and escaped.

"I think he was punished enough. There was no one in the house but myself.

"When I quieted down I looked up a revolver I have and put it where I could reach it in an emergency."

Valuable Idea from Denmark.

To check inebriety a novel plan has been devised in the cities of Denmark. The police compel the proprietor of the saloon where the "last glass" was sold to a tipsy man to pay for a carriage to take him home. Should he become ill from his debauch, the saloon-keeper must also pay for medical attendance.



The marriage reception given by Mrs. Charles E. Burrell of 1641 P street northwest to her daughter, Miss Ciara Washington and Mr. Roscoe Conkling Bruce is announced for June 3d.

Memoriam.

Middleton. In sad but loving remembrance of Leroy N. Middleton, who died nine years ago tomorrow May 31, 1894.
Oh, how hard it was for us to part,
Since tender love had bound the heart;
But the present, the loveliest we know
Are ever the surest the soonest to go.
By his sister.
EFFIE.

OLD SEAMAN'S YARN.

He Tells How Monster Shark Invaded a Cable Ship.

Visited the Main Saloon and Wrought Havoc Among Cut Glass and Dainty Viands—Caught with a Leg of Mutton.

This is the story of a shark and a cable ship—an anecdote told by a veteran seaman of a thrilling experience aboard a "cabler," with one of the monster maneaters who infest the waters of the Mediterranean.

And this, says the Philadelphia Press, is how he told it to a brother seaman, as they were comparing notes on the ability of the maneaters to live out of the water, for a great length of time.

"The old Grapnell," said he, "was a cableship, and we were at St. Helena, anchored close in, and the second engineer got a hook, baited it with a fistful of oily waste from the engine-room, and began to fish for a huge shark that was hanging about our stern.

"As it happened, the governor of St. Helena, or some big pot, was coming to dinner that day, and the table in the saloon was set out with the best glass and pineapples and bananas, and what not, all in the way of dessert. Well, the shark was a bit coy, but just as four bells was striking he gobbled the bait.

"The old man was ashore, and we clean forgot about the governor coming to dinner, forgot everything but the shark plunging and tugging at the line.

"Well, we had hoisted the brute ten feet or so clear of the water when the first roller struck us, pointing our bow balks at the sky and swinging the shark out till his tail nearly touched the water, then, swash! we went into the trough, pitching our propeller up to the sky and swinging the shark in board.

"The bight of rope slipped, and smash! came the shark on to the after-gratings; 22 foot he was, and as thick as a Pickford's van almost.

"Swish! came the next roller, and as we went into the trough the shark shot

TUGGED AT THE LINE.

on the deck, skidded along it as if he were on skates, cannoned against the starboard bulwarks, and as the next roller took us on the starboard bow it shot him head-first down the saloon companionway, clean out of sight, and you wouldn't have known there was a shark on board only for the screams of the second saloon steward, who was coming up with a tray of cocktails just as old blow-hard was going down.

"The shark lay head to the open saloon door. He gave his tail a flap, and seemed undecided whether he would go on into the saloon or come tail first into the cable tank; the next roller decided the question, for it shot him right into the saloon and banged the door on him, for all the world as if he had pulled it behind him.

"I heard various sounds from the saloon, where all our best glass was put out and covers laid for 15 people; but I did not go in. Well, you may fancy the state we were in, the ship pitching and all.

"Just then our old man came aboard, and there was a gay time, I tell you. We got rifles and tried to shoot the brute through the skylight. You could see him rolling about in the pineapples and hothouse flowers and broken glass; but he had jammed his head between the legs of the table, which had split in two, and the after part of the table fitted him just like a sunbonnet, and the bullets glanced off it; so we gave over.

"At six in the morning the skipper called the second engineer, and told him as he had brought the brute aboard, he must get rid of him, or he'd stop his grog and shove him down the saloon skylight to keep his friend company.

"Well, the second engineer thought, and thought, and thought. Then he got a leg of mutton and dangled it down the skylight on a string till it was under the table-flap of old Chase-me-Charley's sunbonnet. He couldn't resist it; he turned on his back, opened his mouth, and the hydrographer, who was ready with his gun, shot him clean through the heart."

Biggest Mule in Missouri.

A huge mule, said to be the largest in existence, belongs to Michael Murray, of Hereford, Mo. He is three years old, 18 inches high at the shoulders, and weighs 1,705 pounds.

Shark with a Big Mouth.

A large specimen of the fish known as the angel shark was recently captured with a hand line at Felixstowe, England. It had an eight-inch mouth, with three rows of teeth.

MAID SOLD HERSELF.

Wonderful Devotion of Indian Girl to Father's Memory.

Singing Swan, Belle of the Kiowas, Auctioned Herself to Pay a Debt of Honor Contracted by Chief Iron Talk.

Singing Swan, the belle of the Kiowa Indian village in Indian territory, has just auctioned herself to pay a debt of honor of her dead father.

Old Jim Crow, a famous, wealthy "white" Indian and a character of unusual force, originality and honesty, was the successful bidder. He paid $25,000 for the handsome young woman. Then he took her to his home and introduced her to his family of grown-up sons and daughters as an orphan whom he had adopted, and told them to treat her as a sister.

The old man is a widower, but those who know the sterling sense of honor believe that he adopted the girl to keep her out of bad hands and in the hope that she would find an acceptable husband in one of his handsome sons.

In the meantime the debt of honor has been canceled in an unexpected way, says the New York World.

Singing Swan's father was Chief Iron Talk, a man of wealth and influence in the tribe, and was distinguished for his hospitality and his progressive and philanthropic ideas. He had his daughter well educated. Her fine qualities and her beauty attracted many white suitors, but she held aloof from them and stuck to her father.

He, by reason of his constant wish to improve his people and to do the greatest possible good with his fortune, was induced by unscrupulous whites to embark on an enterprise that swept away every dollar and left him at his death $6,000 in debt.

This amount he had borrowed from a money lender, and while for years he had paid the interest, he had never been able to pay the principal.

On Iron Talk's death the money lender seized property belonging to the estate. This, however, did not satisfy the creditor, and feeling her father's debt to be one of honor Singing Swan finally decided to give herself in expiation, reserving, however, the right to reject the final bid.

As soon as old Jim Crow had given Singing Swan a check for the $25,000, he hunted up John McRae, the money lender, and asked for the note he held against Iron Talk.

Singing Swan chose for her auction a feast day, when a large crowd composed of white traders, cattlemen, Indians, half-breeds, nomads and gamblers had gathered in the quaint village street.

When she appeared among them, clad gayly in the rich royal robes of her tribe, all eyes were turned upon her in admiration. Suddenly mounting a box, she stood a dramatic figure amid most picturesque surroundings.

"Who wants a wife?" she asked of the astonished crowd. There was an earnestness in her voice and face that forbade a jesting reply.

The young warriors could hardly credit their eyes and ears. "Singing Swan" never looked lovelier. Her black eyes sparkled and her long dark hair, falling below her belt, mingled with the brilliant colors of her apparel. Strands of fresh-water pearls and hundreds of elk-teeth, burnished and tipped with gold, flashed from her neck and arms and every seam of her costly garments.

Finally a young Kiowa brave spurred his pony nearer. Few heard the words of the bidder, but the next instant the girl exclaimed: "One thousand dollars I am offered! Who bids more?"

Six-Killer, a rich Cherokee, instantly shouted: "I will give $5,000 in gold for Singing Swan."

"It is not enough to pay my father's debt of honor," said the maiden.

At that moment old Jim Crow spoke up. "I need a housekeeper," he said, "and if Singing Swan will take kindly to old Jim I will put a check for $10,000 in one of her little hands."

"You can't get her," roared the Cherokee; "$11,000."

"Can't I?" retorted Jim, throwing his Winchester across his left arm and drawing a long piece of glittering steel from his belt. "We will see about that, Mr. Injin. Shout $15,000, Miss Singing Swan, and tell 'em to come again."

The two men glared at each other, to the great delight of the crowd, and no doubt to the intense satisfaction of the Indian girl. They continued bidding until Jim shouted "$25,000." As the angry Cherokee turned his horse and galloped away the crowd roared with laughter.

CHURCH OF SAN MIGUEL.

New Mexicans Claim That It Is the Oldest Christian Sanctuary in the United States.

The church of San Miguel, at Santa Fe, is claimed by New Mexicans to be the oldest in the United States. There is much dispute over the exact date of its erection, but it was certainly built between 200 and 300 years ago by the first Indian converts, under the direction of the Spanish padres—some say as long ago as 1545. Inside it is like a vault, black and crumbling, with cracked adobe walls and roof, and a gallery whose woodwork still shows traces of the figures painted there by the Indians—designs like those they put upon their pottery to-day.

But the most interesting thing in San Miguel, says the New York Herald, is the old bell, St. Joseph. Black with age, it looks like a mass of old iron in its dim recesses. But strike it and it gives forth a mellow note of silvery clearness, echoing with marvelous sweetness through the vault-like old church. The quality of the bell metal makes the richness of the note, and there is a tradition that it was made of the gold and silver ornaments of the Spanish, as a thank offering for a victory over the Moors.

At any rate, the old Spanish padres brought the bell, already ancient, across the seas from Spain, and over mountains and plateaus from Mexico. The Moors are gone, Spain's great empire of the west has vanished, and still

A NEW BOOK.

A valuable as well as an interesting work is "Pharoah's Decision in the action of wrong vs. right" by I. Leonard Henson.

This book is the answer in legal form and character to a work entitled "An Appeal to Pharoah" written by an "unknown" and in the consideration of and decision made on the twelve (12) assignments of error, viz: 1st A Sectional union; 2d The Divisional lines; 3d The Continuing cause; 4th A Race Question, 5th The Negro's condition and Position; 6th Race Prejudice North and South; 7th Trilemma; 8th Radical Solution; 9th Reckonings of Number; 10th Reckonings of Cost; 11th Will he go? 12th Our Duty, is supported by the U. S. Supreme Court decisions, by the facts found in the Federalist, Madison's Papers, Jefferson's Works, Source Book of American History, the United States Constitution itself, and statistics as furnished by the Richmond Planet. The Chicago Tribune and the twelfth census. There is much in it of historical fact, much about existing conditions, and much in aid of a true conception of the Negro's powers and possibilities.

Price $1 25.—Agents wanted —Liberal commission. Write,
I. Leonard Henson,
1524—5th St. N. W., Wash., D C

Enormous Pigeon Farm.

Five years ago, at Elysian Park, in southern California, J. Y. Johnson started a dove farm with 400 birds. Now he has 12,000. He sells them at prices ranging from two to three dollars a dozen. Most of the doves are white. They consume each day from eight to ten sacks of wheat and 20 of screenings.

Unique Clock for Hotels.

An ingenious clock for the use of hotels has been devised. It is stationed in the office, and is so constructed that it can be made to give an awakening ring in any room at any specified time, and it will do its duty faithfully, without oversleeping itself, as porters and

HOUSE & HERRMAN,

THE LARGE INSTALLMENT HOUSE In the CITY

Now is the time to FURNISH YOUR HOUSE.
Carpet your Floors and LIVE Comfortably.

Only First-Class stores keep first class goods and sold by first class clerks. No matter how large your Purchases are, immediate delivery is made to any part of the city and county

Call at once.

Northeast Corner 7th AND "I" N. W

Name THE BEE when you call.

WE Have a Bar'l

of money to loan on furniture pianos, &c. No delay. Good are not disturbed. You return the money in small payments If you have a loan and need more money we can fix you Business confidential

'Phone M 3042.

Surety Loan Co.

rcer Bldg., cor. 9th and

DRGZARR A

The Well known German Specialist
417 Sixth St. N. W.

10 years permanently located in Washington City. His success in treating the old and so-called incurable cases is acknowledged by the public and profession. See testimonials at his office.

RUPTURE permanently cured, with out pain or loss of time. X-RAY for examination and treatment CURES cancer, impotency, stricture, varicocele hydrocele, skin, blood poison, s, syhilis and private disease quickly for lifetime Consultation free. Office hours—From 10 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 9 p. m.

Cures diseases of men and women. Rupture cured without pain or lost of time. Nervous Debility, Stricture, Prostatic Troubles, Varicocele, Skin and Blood Poison, Contracted Diseases Rheumatism, Uterine and Ovarian Troubles. Bladder and Kidney Troubles. Medicines Furnished.

Private waiting rooms for ladies and gentlemen. We make no charge for friendly talk or correspondence—everything strictly confidential We will use you honestly; treat you skillfully and restore you to health in the shortest space of time, with the least medicine, discomfort and expense practicable

LOANS

5 Dol. to $500

on your Piano, Furniture, Horses, Wagons, etc for one to twelve months, on easy monthly payments. Call and get our terms, and pamphlet. Office hours 8 a. m. to 5 p. m.

NATIONAL LOAN AND INVESTMENT COMPANY, Cor. 15th and G Street Opposite U. S. Treas.

Why Throw Away Forty Dollars

By Paying $100 for a Typewriter when you can get the NEW MODEL

Wellington Typewriter

AT SIXTY DOLLARS ?

strictly high grade, up-to-date Typewriter, the peer of any $100 machine on the market. Writing always before you, permanent alignment, simplicity durability and speed,

The Best and have our Unqualified indorsement

Used by W. Calvin Chase. I. L. Walton and others.

509 Eyth St., N. W

MASONIC HALL

Special Reduction for the Months

JUNE, JULY, AND AUGUST

WILL THIS HELP YOUR SOCIETY OR CHURCH. THE NEW MASONIC TEMPLE HALL.

1111 19th Street Northwest.

This new and handsome hall, modern improvements. Electric lights and fans, Cool and airy. Will accomodate Churches, Sabbath Schools, Societies during the summer months at reduced rates. Rent of Hall from 8 p. m. until 12:30 a. m. for $7.25. Private parties, suppers, wedding banquets or dances can make special summer contracts by applying

Alfred H. T. Walker Manager 1111 19th St. N.W.

On To Glymont

....The Old Reliable Summer Resort, With The....

GALBRAITH RELIEF CLUB,

OF GALBRAITH CHURCH, 6th Street, bet. L and M Sts, N. W.

A Grand Old Time Family

EXCURSION TO GLYMONT MD.

Tuesday June 30 1903.

.....ON THE PALACE STEMAER JANE MOSELEY.....

The purpose of this excursion is to raise money for the benefit of Galbraith Church, and to give to all who will patrnoize us on this occasion a pleasant day of enjoyment. Come and bring the children and your faiends.

There will be all kinds of amusements such as Boating, Fishing, Crabbing, Bathing, Swimming. Racing, Baseball, Singing, Music, eating and everything to make a success and enjoyable occasion.

Refreshments in Charge of a corps of Ladies.

Executive Commmittee—Hoffman Bolton, Stewart Lewis, Hon. J. C. Dancy Albert Spriggs, Royal A. Hughes, L. M. King, Frank Wells, Dan'l. I. Renfro Chas. Neil, Richard Campbell,

Committee of Arrangements—Wm. Anderson, Thos Hawkins, Henry Stephenson. Moses J. johnson, Chas. Kenney. R. F. Robinson, Joseph Harris, Frank. Slater, Andrew Spriggs, John R. Wells, Samuel Washington, Richard Wells. David Bowie, Chas. Contee, Lewis Tolbert, Mr. Scurlock, John Dorsey, Jos. Anderson, Augustus W. Gray, Chairman, Frank Spriggs, Vice Chairman

REV. S. L. CORROTHERS, Pastor. ED. GREENLEAF, Pres. Trustee Bd

MUSIC BY MONUMENTAL ORCHESTRA.

Prof. Charles Hamilton. Director. Boat leaves wharf 9th and K Sts. S. W. 9:30 A. M. and 5:30 P. M., Returning in time for cars.

Fare Round Trip 35 Cents
Children 15 Cents

RIDER AGENTS WANTED

in each town to take orders for our new High Grade Guaranteed Bicycles.

New 1903 Models

"Bellise,"	Complete	$8.75
"Cossack,"	Guaranteed High Grade	$10.75
"Siberian,"	A Beauty	$12.75
"Neudorf,"	Road Racer	$14.75

no better bicycle at any price.

Any other make or model you want at one-third usual price. Choice of any standard tires and best equipment on all our bicycles. *Strongest guarantee.*

We SHIP ON APPROVAL C. O. D. to any one *without a cent deposit* and allow 10 DAYS FREE TRIAL before purchase is binding.

500 Second Hand Wheels taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores, all makes and models, good as new..... $3 to $8

DO NOT BUY a bicycle until you have writen for our FACTORY PRICES AND FREE TRIAL OFFER. Tires, equipment, sundries and sporting goods of all kinds, at half regular price, in our big free sundry catalog. Contains a world of useful information. Write for it.

ESTABLISHED 12 YEARS

J. L. MEAD CYCLE CO., Chicago, Ill.

$600 In Life

DON'T HAVE TO DIE TO BE IT.

—THE—

KNIGHTS AND LADIES OF INDUSTRY OF U

BUYS HOMES FOR ITS MEMBERS—OUR MOTTO IS WHEREVER OUR CHARTER GOES BUSINESS FOLLOWS.

Deputies wanted $100 per month

For Particulars Address S. P. MITCHELL Supreme Chancellor
503 D Street N. W. Washington, D. C.

HARTIGAN WON OUT.

Stood Up for Fifty Years for the Privilege of Being Married in His Shirt Sleeves.

The wedding service of Thomas Hartigan, of Renovo, Va., and Miss Susan Thompson was decidedly peculiar, although its oddness resulted from eccentricity. Fifty years ago the two were engaged to be married. The day was set, the license secured, the guests gathered at the church, the bride waiting, and then the bridegroom appeared in his shirt sleeves. Of course there was a how-de-do.

Miss Thompson declared with considerable energy that if Mr. Harti-

"THE MAN IS STILL READY."

gan did not consider the ceremony worthy of his coat there would be no wedding. Mr. Hartigan asserted with equal wrath that if his shirt sleeves were good enough to eat in they were good enough to be married in, and out of the church he walked.

There was a sensation, but both the bride and the groom stuck to their positions. No coat, no wedding, declared the bride. And the bridegroom said there would be no coat.

The town forgot the episode after awhile. So did the bride and groom, but neither married. Years went by, and still Miss Thompson remained Miss Thompson and Hartigan a bachelor. Fifty years afterwards Hartigan met his old sweetheart. They became interested in talking over the odd affair which separated them at the altar so many years before, and found that both had regretted it.

"I have come to believe that it is not so much the coat but the man that one marries," said Miss Thompson.

"If you feel that way about it," said Hartigan, "the man is still ready."

Another day was set, and again the church was filled. At the appointed time in came the bridegroom—but again in his shirt sleeves. The guests who knew the story of the broken match 50 years before gasped and turned their eyes towards the bride. She laughed as she saw her bridegroom.

"Coat or no coat, he is good enough for me this time," she said. They were married, and the town may build a monument to the man who stood out 50 years for the privilege of being married in his shirt sleeves.

SECRET WORRIED HIM.

And What Happened When He Told Her That She Was Not His First Own True Love.

"A few weeks ago," confessed a man to a Chicago Tribune reporter, "I became engaged to quite the most fascinating member of her sweet sex, but

"IS THAT REALLY ALL?"

instead of being—as I ought to have been—the happiest lover in Chicago, I have been living ever since on thorns. The truth is, my conscience, such as is left of it, was uneasy, for before putting my fate to the test I omitted to tell the lady of my love that she was not the first idol who had been enshrined in my heart—in other words, I had been engaged before.

"Ever since I won her promise to be mine I felt that I should have no peace until I broke this dreadful secret to her, but how I dreaded to do it! Many a time the confession trembled on my lips, but it stopped at the tremble. At length, driven desperate, I forced it out, and it sounded all the more dreadful for its long imprisonment.

"In an agony of suspense I awaited my doom. It came at last in this form. First she looked at me in an amused way, then, to my astonishment, she burst into a peal of laughter—sweet, silvery laughter—and then, when she had recovered sufficiently, she said: 'Is that really all? Why, you silly boy, I had been engaged three times before ever I saw you!'"

HAS STRANGE POWER

California Woman Who Can Hypnotize the Insane.

The Thrilling Adventure in Which She First Demonstrated Her Influence—Asylum Authorities Solicit Her Assistance.

Mrs. Johanna Gertz, a frail little California woman, living 12 miles from Los Angeles, has discovered that she has a remarkable power over insane persons, and she is using it in an extraordinary way.

Mrs. Gertz lives in a lonely section with only one neighbor, a circumstance that first called into play her strange gift of hypnotism.

Not long ago, about noon, Mrs. Gertz was at the kitchen table preparing luncheon, when the outer door flew open and a wild-eyed, disheveled man rushed in, grabbed her by the arm and shouted: "Make haste! you must be ready to go with me in five minutes!"

"Go where?" calmly inquired Mrs. Gertz, looking squarely into his eyes.

"Through space to the region of pain and sorrow. Hurry; there is not a moment to lose! If we are not off in ten minutes I must kill you."

This was enough to frighten any ordinary woman beyond power of action, but Mrs. Gertz is not an ordinary woman. Besides, she had her three children to think of. Her husband would not return until night; Mrs. Fiske, her only neighbor, was beyond call.

All this flashed through her mind as she stood with her calm eyes fixed on the wild ones of the maniac, who had taken out a block of wood in the shape of a watch and stood as though waiting for the allotted ten minutes to elapse before springing at Mrs. Gertz.

Mrs. Gertz endeavored to divert the

SHE RAISED HER HAND.

madman's thoughts from herself. "Ask for Tom," she suggested.

"Where's Tom?" shrieked the man.

"Out in the orchard," Mrs. Gertz replied. "Will you call him?"

Off raced the man toward the orchard, and off flew Mrs. Gertz with her three chidren, to the home of Mrs. Fiske.

"Lock the children in the house and come over to my house right away!" she called. "There is a crazy man there, and I must get him to the asylum before he harms any one. I am going to try hypnotising him, and I believe I can do it!"

Dashing back to her own yard, Mrs. Gertz met the man striding toward her. She raised her hand with a commanding gesture and, standing perfectly still, said, in a ringing voice: "Peace!"

Instantly the wild look left the maniac's eyes and he stood rigid. Going close to him, her eyes never wavering, she placed her hand upon his forehead, drew it down over his eyes, and commanded him, mentally, to open the front gate and sit outside on the ground until she came.

Wheeling around, the man strode off, obeying her implicitly.

Mrs. Gertz followed him, and when he was seated passed her hand once more over his eyes and suggested that he go to sleep. He fell back in a deep slumber.

In the meantime Mrs. Fiske, by Mrs. Gertz' orders, had harnessed the horse to a double-seat carriage and stood, with a gun cocked, awaiting her friend's next move. Mrs. Gertz took the man by the arm, and her mind ordered him to awake. She then commanded him to get in the carriage and sit on the floor between the seats, all the while suggesting "peace, peace."

With not the slightest resistance, the man did as he was commanded. The two women placed themselves on the front seat, Mrs. Fiske driving and Mrs. Gertz keeping watch of the now thoroughly hypnotized man, ready to put her hand on his forehead at the least sign of violence.

The officials at the Highlands asylum questioned Mrs. Gertz regarding her adventure, and three physicians connected with the institution, specialists in insanity, were called in.

Mrs. Gertz gave an exhibition of her hypnotic power by going through the wards and subduing the ravings of the inmates. The New York World says that her assistance was solicited in removing dangerous victims of insanity from their homes to the asylum, and she was also requested to pay daily visits to the institution for the purpose of controlling the most unruly members, and by her wonderful power assisting in the cure of the least hopeless.

Greatest CHANCE To Buy Clothing

NO Ifs nor Ands, no Whys nor Wherefores just one of the biggest Drops in the price of clothing ever known at this season of the year and this is given over to the telling of what we are going to do, rather than why we can do it.

Men's Suits $5.48 Several Styles of cheviot and cassimere a variety of patterns well made, and perfect in fit in every way a first class Business Suit.

Men's Suits $8.50 About twenty styles of high grade wool cheviots and worsteds also plain blue and black worth 10 and $12.

Men's Suits $10.00 Made of high grade velour cheviots and worsted perfect in every detail of workmanship, not a suit worth less than $15.00.

Men's Overcoats $6.98, $10.00

Elegant quality Oxford gray, also Blue and black kersey. Some are made with raw edges and lapped seams lined with heavy farmers satin and silk velvet collars.

Young Men's Overcoats $5.98—$8.50

Oxford gray, Melton, Kersey, will give thorough satisfaction and would sell easily at $6.00 and $10.00.

Suits for Young Men from 14 to 19 years. Strictly all wool well made and lined, thirty styes to choose from 8.00

MEN'S TROUSERS $2 AND $2.50

One of the greatest values ever offered, wool cheviot and cassimere trousers in stripes checks and plaids made well and fit well, not a pair worth less than $3.00 and some worth $4.00.

Boys' all wool suits $2.00

Strictly all wool with double breasted jackets taped seams 7 to 15 years not the suit that is usually sold for this price, but a suit that more often sells for $2.50 and $3.00

Boys Overcoats $2.00---$2.98

The popular garments for Boys of all ages, this season's newest shades of covert cloth Oxford grays well made and trimmed and properly cut.

An elegant assortment of Boy's Blouse Suits 3 to 10 years in large variety of neat checks plaids and plain blues, every suit is well made lined and trimmed and will give good wear. Not a suit in this lot worth less than $2.50 during this sale only..... $1.69

Men's Merino Underwear 29c.

Men's $2.00 Hats in all the new Styles $1.39

Eery dollar you spend here during this Sale will have the force of two and then if you are in any way dissatisfied with your purchase you money will be refunded for the asking.

GEORGE & Co.

910 Seventh Street, Northwest

[Between I and K.]

R·I·P·A·N·S

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

A new style package containing TEN RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—FOR FIVE CENTS. This low-priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. One (dose) of the five-cent cartons (10 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (ten tabules) will be sent for five cents. Best medicine ever made since the world was created.

FRANK HUME

Wholesale Grocer,

... cating going ... ess will ... his firm.

454 ... ave.

...WASHINGTON, D. C.

TELEPHONE.

Louis J. Kessel

Importer of and Dealer in

Wines & Liquors

Specially for medicnal and family use.

OXFORD and TREMONT, Pure Rye Whiskies.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

425 Tenth Street Northwest.
Washington, D. C.

F. G. Swaine. J. E. Swaine.

F. G. SWAINE & SON.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Agents for Paragon Process and Victor XXXX Family Flour.

Telephone 1699 Main
932 Louisiana Ave., N. W.

BUY THE

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE

Do not be deceived by those who advertise a $60.00 Sewing Machine for $20.00. This kind of a machine can be bought from us or any of our dealers from $15.00 to $18.00.

WE MAKE A VARIETY.

THE NEW HOME IS THE BEST.

The Feed determines the strength or weakness of Sewing Machines. The **Double Feed** combined with other strong points makes the **New Home** the best Sewing Machine to buy.

Write for CIRCULARS showing the different styles of Sewing Machines we manufacture and prices before purchasing.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
ORANGE, MASS.
28 Union Sq. N. Y., Chicago, Ill., Atlanta, Ga., St. Louis, Mo., Dallas, Tex., San Francisco, Cal.

FOR SALE BY

A FREE PATTERN
(your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50 A YEAR

A LADIES' MAGAZINE.

A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economics; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or, send 5c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect Fitting Paper Patterns.

McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10¢ 15¢

All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Stitching and Sewing Lines.

Only 10 and 15 cents each—some higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from

THE McCALL CO., 113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK.

RAILROADS.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.

Leave Washington from station corner of New Jersey avenue and C st.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWEST, *11.00 a.m. *6.20, p. m.

CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS AND LOUISVILLE *10.05 a.m. *4.15 p.m., *1:10 night.

PITTSBURG AND CLEVELAND *11.00 a.m. *3.45o. m., and *1.00 night.

COLUMBUS AND WHEELING *6.20 p. m.

WINCHESTER †8.35 a. m., †4.15, 5:30 m. †6.20 p. m.

LURAY, *4.15 p.m.

ANNAPOLIS, †7.20, §8.30, †12.00 m., §5.20, p. m.

FREDERICK, †8.35, §9.15, †11.00, a. m., †4.20 †6.20 p. m.

HAGERSTOWN, †10.05 a. m. and †5.30 p.m.

BOYD and way points, †8.35, §9.15 a. m., §1.15 †4.30, †5.30, §10.15, †11.30, p. m.

GAITHERSBURG and way points, †8.35, §9.15 a. m., †12.50, §1.15, †3.30, †4.30, *5.30, *7.05, 7.20 §10.15, †11.30 p. m.

WASHINGTON JUNCTION and way points, †8.35, §9.15, a. m., §1.15, †4.30., †5.30, p. m.

BALTIMORE, week days, x3.00, 5.00, 6.30, x7.20, 8.00 x8.30, 8.35, x9.00 x9.30, x 10.00 11.00 a.m. x12.00 nn, x12.05 x1.00, x2.00, x3.00, x4.00, x4.30, x4.40, x5.00, x5.20, 6.00, x630 x7.00 x8.00, x10.00, x11.30 11.35 p. m. Sundays, x3.00 x7.00 x7.30, 8.30, x9.00, x.m. x1.00, 1.15, x3.00, x3.30, x5.00, x5.20, 6.30, x8.00, x10.00, x11,30, 11.35 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

All trains illuminated with Pintsch light. For Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York Boston, and the East, *3:00 *7:00 (Diner), §8:30 (Buffet), §9:00 (Diner). †10.00 (Diner) a. m. *1.00 (Diner). 3.00 ("Royal Limited." Diner). †4.00 (Philadelphia only). 5.00 (Diner). 8.00 and 11.30 p. m. (Sleeping car open at 10.00 o'clock.)

Atlantic City, §7.00, †10.00 a. m., †1.00 3.30 p. m.

Daily. Except Sunday, Sunday only, xExpress trains.

Baggage called for and checked from hotels and residences by Union Transfer Company on orders left at ticket offices, 619 Pennsylvania av., northwest. New York avenue and Fifteenth street, and at station.

D. B. Martin, Mgr. Pass. Traf. S. B. Hege, Dict. Pass. Ag.

HATTER AND MEN'S FURNISHER,

Latest Styles in Neckwear Gloves, Hosiery, Suspenders &c.

This is the place where you will get the worth of your money. Call and inspect our goods. ONE PRICE.

337 Pennsylvania, Ave.

TELEPHONE MAIN 1768. ESTABLISHED 18

S. H. HINES & CO

UNDERTAKERS, EMBALMERS —AND— FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

1315 14th St. N. W., Washington, D.

Chris. Xander' Quality Store

909 7th St. N. W.

Established 38 years ago. The largest wholesale store of the most exquisite, faultless wines and distillates (274 kinds in all.) At Chris. Xander's moderate prices it is impossible that others can compete in quality and purity with any of his good. Notably so as to his liquors. None that contain fusel poison are admitted to his Massachusetts Avenue Warehouse and hence the safest kinds only are obtainable by his patrons at his sale 909 7TH ST. N. (No branches) Phone 142

SAMUEL G. STEWART

SALOON

1141 7th St., bet L & M Sts., NW

Elite Whiskey A SPECIALTY and all the Popular Brands

The largest glass of Henrich's BEER IN THE CITY.

Kerosene Vice in France.

A constantly increasing evil in France is the drinking of kerosene. The vice has long prevailed among the Indians of the South Pacific, and to such an extent that the importation of kerosene for drinking is an important

In Search of a Husband.

Two girls—twin sisters from the mountains of Tennessee—have gone to Vinita, I. T., to meet a man at that place who has agreed to marry the one who makes the best impression upon him at their meeting. This is a case where the parties were brought into communication through the agency of a matrimonial paper. Both girls sent their photos, but the would-be groom could not make up his mind which he liked best, so sent money for both to come, that he might make his choice between them. To prove that his intentions were all right the territory man sent money for the girls' big brother to come along and see that everything was square.

BY MISS MAY CLEMATIS.

Annie. True friendship is a jewel.

Ellen. Think well before you decide.

Mamie. Marriages are dangerous this time

L. M. Don't believe all you hear.

Lottie. Too much admiration has little meaning.

Norah It may be your dress and not yourself that is admired.

Ethel. Some people dislike you because others do.

Etta. Never doubt, neither question the honesty of your friends without just cause.

Mamie. A good name in man or woman is a jewel.

Nellie Be good to your friends. You cannot get them at all times.

I. M. Don't never be disturbed when you are in the rights.

Ollie. Our conscience sometimes betrays us. If you do what is right and proper our conscience is never disturbed.

N. T. The aim in life of every one should be to do what is right.

Edgar. Do whatever you promise and then you will never be misunderstood.

Sadie. You should have confidence in some one. It is dangerous to be suspicious of your friends.

R. M. Sedateness is a characteristic that is not found in every one.

Ida. You should read more books but confine yourself to polite literature.

N. R. You may have doubts as to the honesty of your friends and justly so no doubt. Do not come to a hasty conclusion by no means.

Rachel. You have but a short time to decide. If you fail you can blame no one but yourself.

R. I. Speak well of every one and you are bound to succeed. It is not wise to dislike one because others do.

Dorah. You are admired for your ability. You cannot please every one.

I. B. M. You should not do evil for evil. It is the envious person who will strike back.

R. H. When you lose confidence in your friend, it is useless to attempt to convince him otherwise.

N. T. R. The world is full of sin You ought to know that you cannot go through it without criticism.

F. M. Think well of those who speak of you kindly. Be what you are and nothing more.

Sis. Dress becomingly and never put a dress on that doesn't suit your complexion, while it may be becoming to you.

Carrie. You cannot treat a friend as you would a stranger. A friend in need is a friend indeed.

L. R. Be cheerful wh never you can You ought not to show anger without a cause.

R. R. Whenever you make a promise be sure and keep it. It is not wise to disappoint any one.

Girls are too careless.

Do not allow dress its predominent in your mind.

Be careful how you speak and to whom you speak.

Familiarity is a dangerous weapon.

Some people will mistake friendship for something else.

Nothing will betray the ignorance of one quicker than too much laughing.

Do not laugh at every utterance it is not becoming.

If you cannot talk intelligently it is better to remain silent.

Good manners show proper rearing.

Every person who claims to be your friend cannot always be trusted.

Never show that you are independent.

If you appreciate true friendship endeavor to keep it.

Do not allow others to talk about your companion.

Be a good listeuer always, you may learn something.

Do not tell stories to your friends or those who have confidence in you.

Momentary friendship does not last.

Don't tell all you know to appear wise. You convince who previously had a good opinion of you that you have lost something.

Tight shoes are dangerons to the feet

Smoking in your company should not be permitted.

Music is an accomplishment that no young lady should be without. She should be ble to do other things as well

You should never make promises that you have no idea of keeping. You should know your own mind. You talk too much and tell too much of your business.

ANGER RESTORED SPEECH.

A Remarkable Recovery from Paralysis Reported from a Little Town in Montana.

A man's remarkable recovery of his voice is the all-absorbing topic at Basin, a small mining town halfway between Helena and Butte.

John Matt, for many years an employe of the Great Northern railroad, was stricken with paralysis more than 15 months ago. When he was able to walk again he found to his sorrow that he could not utter a word, although he could hear distinctly. About two weeks ago he was taken ill and confined to his bed. For several days he hovered between life and death.

One afternoon several friends called, and while they were present

RECOVERED HIS VOICE.

the doctor came upon the scene. Matt was in a semi-stupor and seemed unable to recognize even his most intimate friends and relatives. The condition of his health was discussed and the visitors were unanimous in expressing the belief that death was inevitable.

When Matt heard this he rose from his pillow as if by magic and exclaimed in terms far more forcible than elegant that he was not a dead man, nor did he intend to die. Then, suddenly realizing that he had recovered his voice, he apologized profusely for the abuse he had heaped upon his physician and friends and became fervent in his thanks for their presence.

"Had you not come," said he. "and made me angry I do not believe I would have recovered my voice."

From that moment his recovery has been rapid. and in a few days he will resume his old place with James J. Hill's railroad.

TREAT FOR A CORPSE.

Hoboken (N. J.) Cigar Maker Carries Out a Weird Compact at Funeral of a Woman.

Mrs. Sophie Van der Hoven had worked for years as a stripper in a cigar factory of Mayor Lankering, of Hoboken, N. J. As a member of the Cigarmakers' union she left $100 in the custody of Louis Cohen to use it in entertaining the members of the union at her funeral.

The funeral was held the other afternoon in a hall in the rear of a saloon in Hoboken. After every one had taken a look at the corpse the folding doors which separate the hall from the saloon were thrown open and two men appeared with a keg of beer for the

"WELL, I'LL DRINK IT MYSELF."

mourners. When the keg was emptied John Jensen proceeded to address the mourners:

"You must know that I myself was very near dying some few weeks ago. We had a drink of kummel together, and I was feeling so blue that I remarked that it would probably be the last I should ever take. She scouted the idea and said that I'd be drinking kummel when she would be dead.

"Her good humor so cheered me that I willingly consented to enter a compact she proposed. The compact was simply this: The one who lived longest would offer to give the other's corpse a glass of our favorite drink. Friends, I'm going to do that now."

Jensen approached the corpse with a glass of kummel in his hand.

"Auntie," he said, standing over the coffin, "it's my treat; have a drink. No answer, auntie? Well, I'll drink it myself."

He tossed the drink off, and the service proceeded in conventional fashion, prayers for the dead being offered by the officers of the union.

Wood Pulp Yarn.

Yarn from wod pulp is now an article of commerce in Germany.

AN EIGHT DAY GAME.

German Professor Played Steadily During That Period.

Then He Went to Bed and Slept Thirty-Six Hours—Heroic Cure for Insomnia—A Protracted Game of Poker.

Every man probably has told or has heard fabulous stories of poker playing. The narrative of how Brown and Smith sat down to a quiet little game with Black and Jones at eight o'clock Wednesday evening and how they ordered Swiss cheese sandwiches at midnight, black coffee at five a. m. Thursday morning, and adjourned at noon with Smith $1.38 ahead has been told many times with many variations.

Sometimes Brown, Smith & Co. make a couple of days and nights of it, and a larger sum goes through the clearing house. Every one knows the type of story which is told to illustrate this desperate life. Well, here is the "Munchausen" version of it:

Prof. Heinrich Gerhauser, of Berlin—it will be necessary to send to Berlin for the affidavits if required—had been troubled with insomnia. He could not sleep, no matter how much he tried. At an evil moment—for the professor's family—some authority told him that what he should do was to sit down to a quiet game of cribbage and play until he tired himself out.

The professor was willing. One Tuesday evening, just after tea, he put on his slippers and smoking jacket and sat down to a game with his wife. Frau Gerhauser lasted until midnight, and then she dropped to sleep in her chair. The professor's eldest son took her hand and continued the game until his younger brother woke up in the morning. Then the brother jumped into the breach and the game continued. Meanwhile Frau Gerhauser had slept and was ready for the fray again. She "sat in" until noon and then a man friend dropped in and was pressed into service. He lasted until six o'clock, when one of the servants took the chair.

Then the eldest son tried it for a few hours, and the rest of the family, beginning to realize that this was no ordinary game, prepared a schedule of turns and divided the day up into "watches."

BEGINNING OF THE GAME.

For seven days and nights Herr Professor sat and played cribbage before he felt the first sensations of sleep creeping over him.

That was on Tuesday, just a week from the time he had sat down to the game. He was afraid to trust the first symptoms, and so he decided to take another day and night.

After playing steadily for eight days and nights he felt positive that he was sleepy. At ten o'clock Wednesday night he threw down the cards and said he thought he would go to bed. He slept for 36 hours, almost breaking another record.

The same authority that gives this story to the world hands out another. It will not be necessary to go farther than New York for affidavits in this case:

Early in the year, however, two professionals sat down to play in a New York club at ten o'clock one Wednesday evening at a quiet game of poker. They did not play for high stakes, and when ten o'clock the following morning struck the amount of money lost and won was about even. They had then been playing for 12 hours, but neither expressing any fatigue the game continued uninterruptedly until ten o'clock on Thursday night. One of them, Frost, had then lost about $200, and as he desired to make good some of his losses play was continued all that night, until once more the hour of ten a. m. chimed forth. Both players were apparently as fresh as ever, and as Frost had begun to recoup himself it was magnanimously suggested by the other, Richards, that the game should continue.

Neither had had anything to eat with the exception of a few sandwiches, though each had consumed four bottles of whisky and 12 siphons of Vichy water. At ten o'clock on Friday night Frost had managed to win $120, and as the game had then been running for 48 hours it was proposed by the loser that an adjournment should be made, an offer which was gratefully accepted by his partner.

Enterprising Preacher Man.

A clergyman in Melbourne advertises himself as always in readiness to tie the nuptial knot, at Holt's matrimonial chambers, 448 Queen street. His tariff of rates is reasonable. Here are two of the items: "Marriage fee 10s. 6d.; or marriage, with guaranteed gold wedding ring and necessary witnesses provided, £1 1s. Most costly wedding rings in stock if required."

CHARMING DOG STORY.

Food Carried to a Wounded Houndin the Woods by Two Devoted Canine Companions.

The intelligence of dogs was never better displayed than in a case which came to light this week at Greenville, N. H.

A little more than six weeks ago Louis Cameron lost a valuable hound. When last seen the animal was in company with Charles Rodier's dog Sport and a little fox terrier, and all three were making for the woods on a run. Mr. Cameron tried to find some traces of his hound, but finally decided that he had been shot or poisoned and gave up hopes of recovering him.

Immediately after the disappearance of the hound Sport began to leave his

SPORT LEAVES THE HOUSE.

master's house regularly every morning, returning each evening. Mr. Rodier tried to follow the dog, being curious to know what took him into the woods so much with the fox terrier. He supposed the two dogs went hunting together, but failed to find any evidences of their having done so.

Last Sunday, as Charles Newton was walking down the Wilton road, he saw Sport and the fox terrier sitting beside the road, looking into the bushes. To his great surprise both dogs growled savagely at him, although he had always petted them.

Walking past the pair slowly, Mr. Newton spied the lost hound crouching in the bushes. The hound was a pitable sight. One of his hind legs was gone and all the toes were missing from one fore foot. The tail had been cut off short and a long, freshly healed scar showed where his head had been torn open. One eye was also gone. The wounds were fairly well healed, and Mr. Newton concluded that the Cameron hound was bound for home, being assisted by Sport and the fox terrier.

Appearances indicated that the hound had been run over by a train, and the regular disappearance of Sport and the terrier proves beyond a doubt that they carried him food and cared for him during the six weeks that he lay wounded in the woods.

OPEN-WORK HOSIERY.

Chicago Woman Loses All the Money Her Mother Had Through Hole in Her Stocking.

If you carry money in your stocking, be sure that it is not of the open work kind, otherwise you may have cause to regret the loss of the money and damage to the stockings. Such has been the experience of Mrs. James M. Strong, 4160 Ellis avenue, Chicago, who Thursday afternoon, on the way to the

THE MONEY WAS GONE.

bank, lost $300 belonging to her mother, Mrs. Mary Burgess.

Mrs. Burgess, who has a room at the Mildred hotel, Sixty-first street and Cottage Grove avenue, gave the money to her daughter to deposit in the Central Trust company bank. Mrs. Strong placed the bills in her stocking and went first to her sister's at 703 East Sixty-third street, and from there downtown by the alley "L." When she got to the bank the money was gone and a hole in the open work stocking told how it had departed.

Peculiar Indian Tradition.

In some districts of India the eastern parts of cemeteries are considered the most desirable. The choice is based on the belief that the dead in the eastern sections will be first to bounce from their graves, brush the dust from their bones, and proclaim their readiness to ascend.

Fat Policemen Not Wanted.

A fat policeman is rarely seen in London. When one becomes so stout as to make it a labor to run he is expected to train down to a graceful shape. No candidate is accepted on the force after he is 27, and he must resign after 20 years' service.

-Hair Restorer

All who are dersirous of having a beautiful suit of hair, or if your hair is falling out, you should get a bottle of Hairoline, better known as the Renowned Hair Restorer Oriental Complexion Cre m ao cures all skin diseases and makes the skin like velvet. Price, 25c to 75c per bottle.

Treatment of the Skin and Scalp.

STRAIGHTENING A SPECIALTY.

All kinds of implements and toilet articles for sale.

1304 4th Street Northwest.
Agency at THE BEE Office.

J. H. Dabney,
Funeral Director

Hiring, Livery and Sale Stable carriages hired for funerals ties, balls, receptions, etc.

Horses and carriages kept in first-class style and satisfaction guaranteed. Busines at 1132 3rd Street, N. W. Main Office Branch at 222 Alfred Street, Alexandria, Va.

Telephone for Office Main 1727
Telephone call for Stable Main 1482-5.

Our Stables, In Freeman's Alley

Where I can accommodate fifty horses. Call and inspect our new and modern caskets and investigate our methods of doing First-class work.

1132 3rd St. N. W.
J. H. DABNEY,
Proprietor.

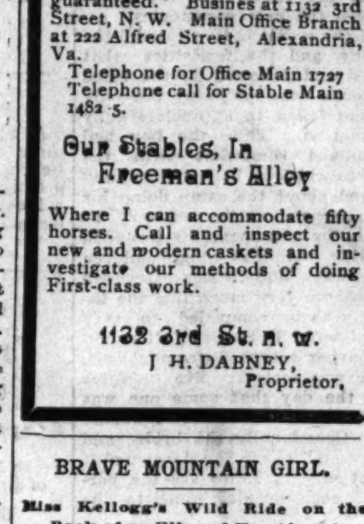
BRAVE MOUNTAIN GIRL.

Miss Kellogg's Wild Ride on the Back of an Elk and Her Almost Miraculous Escape.

Among the applicants for the position of game warden for Routt and Rio Blanco counties, in Colorado, is Miss Emma Kellogg, a young woman of nerve who boasts many an adventure.

The most thrilling experience of which she tells is a wild ride on the back of an elk. While out in the hills one day she came suddenly on an angry bull elk. She had leaned her gun against a tree, and before she could get it the elk was upon her.

She took refuge in a sapling and tried to hold the animal's antlers



ANGRY BULL APPROACHED.

around it, but her strength was not sufficient and the elk broke away. Miss Kellogg took advantage of a moment's respite to climb a tree and sat on the first limb. This angered the elk more than ever, and he gave the tree such a bump that Miss Kellogg fell off.

She would have been stamped to death by the animal's sharp hoofs had it not been that luckily she fell on the elk's back. Then, with great presence of mind, she grasped the antlers and held on for dear life.

Away they went, the crazed animal dashing through the trees with the velocity of an express train. Up hills and across valleys the animal sped, jumping over the rocks with tremendous leaps that almost unseated the frightened rider.

The elk darted through some thick brush where overhanging branches came low down in order to brush the rider off. But the terrified animal miscalculated about its antlers and got caught in the branches. It struggled and struggled, but could not get loose, and it was but the work of a moment for the intrepid mountain girl to kill the captive animal by cutting its throat with her hunting knife.

A Good Thing for Heaven.

The late Dr. Parker, of London, was arguing with a man on the problem of continued existence, and as Mr. Parker was at the door the friend finally declared: "The fact is, I am an annihilationist. I believe that when I die that will be the end of me." Thank God for that!" declared the doctor, and banged the door.

THE WASHINGTON BEE.

..HOTEL Clyde..

475 Missouri Av. N W

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS FOR LADIES AND ....GENTLEMEN....

BOARD AND LODGING

MRS. ALICE E. HALL, Prop'tr.

Goto
HOLME'S Hotel

333 Va. Ave., S. W. For The Best Afro-American Accommodation in the District.

—European And American Plan—

Bar Stocked with fine Wines, Imported Brandies and pure old Rye Whiskey

Best Line Cigars 5 & 10c
Good Room and Lodging 50. 75 & $1.00 Comfortably heated by steam.

Give us a Call——
JAMES OTTOWAY HOLMES Prop
Washington, D. C.

THE PEOPLE'S FARMERS & MERCHANTS
Boarding and Lodging HOtel
BY MRS. R. A. WHITE.

106 Harrison St, Petersburg, Va

Meals at All Hours

Come one; come all.

Marlin
.32 Cal. High-Pressure Smokeless
IN MODEL 1893

WE are prepared to furnish our full line of Model '93 rifles, solid and take-down, for the new .32 Caliber HIGH PRESSURE SMOKELESS cartridge. This size uses a 165-grain bullet and has a velocity of over 2,000 feet per second, making it the most powerful cartridge made for an American arm, with the exception of the .30-40 U. S. Army. It is sufficiently deadly for any game known in North America.

Another great advantage is that the barrels are bored and rifled (but not chambered) exactly the same as the regular .32-40 Marlin, one turn in 18 inches. This makes the use of black powder and lead bullets as satisfactory and convenient as in a regular black powder rifle.

This size is the first high-pressure arm developed in this country for a caliber larger than .30, and the first to use a slow enough twist to give best results with black powder ammunition.

Price same as .30-30 MARLIN. 120-page cat log of rifles, shotguns, ammunition, etc., cover in 9 colors, mailed for three stamps.

THE MARLIN FIRE ARMS CO.
NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

A Beautiful Brooche Free

..SUBSCRIBE NOW...

IF you want a beautiful Brooche, a Hand Painted Miniature Picture FREE Snd at once YOUR PHOTOGRAPH on Tin-Type and Receive a Hand Painted Prooche. These brooches are put in rolled gold frames. Every one guaranteed. end one dollar for 6 months subscription for THE BEE or two dallars for one year. If you send in your subscription for six months with your picture you will receive one Brooch of yourself or any one whose picture you may send. One Years subscription will entitle you to Two Brooches. Call and see samples or send your Subsription with Photograph or tin-type to

The Bee Printing Co.

Mr. Heard was in the city last week

Mrs. L. V. Contee will spend the summer with her daughter and son-in-law, Mr. Pet and Dr. Henderson of New York.

Miss Beatric Smith of South Washington left for Baltimore, Md., last week on business and from there she left for Boston, Mass., where she will remain some time.

The Strawberry festival at the Lincoln Temple Church last Friday evening by the Prudence Crandall Association was a success.

Miss Beatriz L. Chase and her brother, W. Calvin Chase, Jr. began this week as compositors on The Bee, and will continue during their summer vacation,

Dr. W. D. Clinton of Pittsburg, Pa., was in the city Monday enroute for Salisbury, N. C., to attend the Commencement of Livingstone College.

Misses Hattie Hamer and Nan Harris returned home Monday from Calvert. Co. Md., where they taught school.

Little Robert Goodman the son of Comrade R. H. Goodman of the Grand Army of the republic, 13 years of age, was accidently drowned on last Sunnay afternoon in a pool near the base ball grounds.

Officers of the Day.

Comrade R. D. Goodman of Charles Sumner Post, No. 9, one of the most prominent and active Grand Army men in the United States, will be the officer of the day at the exercises held at Harmony Cemetery to day.

HE APPOINTS A NEGRO.

Commissioner West Makes an Innovation—Colored Youth Appointed an Orderly in the Alms House.

Commissioner Henry L. West, the democratic Commissioner of the Board of Commissioners, has made an innovation in the Alms House, by appointing a colored youth by the name of Sylvester Toliver an orderly in the Washington asylum. This is the first colored appointment that Mr: West has had the opportunity to make. Young Toliver is between eighteen and nineteen years of age and is from one of the best known families in the South east and the appointment having been made by Mr. West is highly appreciated by the colored citizens in that section of the city. More colored appointments will be made by Mr. West when an appotunity presents itself.

The Judge Compliments Him.

Among those who graduate from the Law Department, of Columbian University this year, is Geo. H. Davis of Canton, Mass. His record during his course has been unequalled, having been elected President of the Debating Society of the Schools of Law, Diplomacy and Comparative Jurisprudence, during this year, and enjoys the distinction of being the youngest student who has ever occupied this position.

In conjunction with H. B. Fuller, M. A. (Yale) prepared a work upon Insurance and won the award of the faculty, also in the organization of corporations, he has received the personal commendation of the board of judges consisting of Justices Harlan and Brewer of the U. S. Supreme Court and H. Taylor.

Mr. Davis has been invited to New York by one of the gteat corporations for a month to study their work, they paying all expenses of the effort.

DEFIES HANNA.

Will The Maker Of Presidents Yield?

Walla Walla, Wash., May 25.—Secretary to the President Loeb this afternoon gave out the following statement:

"In speaking of the sudden political developments in Ohio, the President this afternoon said:

"I have not asked any man for his support. I have had nothing whatever to do with raising the issue as to my indorsement. Sooner or later it was bound to arise, and, inasmuch as it has now arisen, of course, those who favor my administration and nomination will indorse them, and those who do not will oppose them."

"The president also said he was deeply touched by the action of President McKinley's home county, in which Canton is situated, in instructing so heartily in this favor. Nothing could have pleased him more.

YOUNG GYPSY QUEEN.

Married at the Age of Eleven to Youthful Romany Prince.

Royal Wedding Recently Celebrated at Monterey, Mexico—Church and State Involved in the Unique Ceremony.

With a band playing wild, swinging music as a wedding march, and accompanied by gayly bespangled gypsy maidens, Princess Maria Josefia, the daughter of Maria Lovan, queen of the gypsies in Mexico, was led to the tent of her betrothed, Georgia Gormain, at Monterey, N. L., Mexico. There the two were married according to gypsy rites, made sacred centuries ago.

Notwithstanding the fact that the groom is but 12 years old and the bride not yet 11, they are to-day the most conspicuous gypsies in all Mexico. The marriage was the consummation of a plan evolved by the fathers of the two children, and was of enough importance to cause a pilgrimage of the wandering people from all parts of Mexico.

For the nomadic bands of gypsies, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, the event was an affair of the greatest import, for both children are ranked only by their parents. While Marie Lovan is queen of the gypsies, Adolfo Monte, the father of the groom, is the male head of the people.

To the childish principals in the wedding festivities, the affair may have meant less than to any others in the throng. Their consent to the marriage was asked no more than is the consent of the contracting parties in similar affairs in many of the courts of Europe. All of the arrangements had been made by Wududum, the father of the princess, and Adolfo Monte, the father of the boy who is now her husband. The children were told that they were expected to marry; that the welfare of the tribe demanded it, and without question the two acquiesced.

Not only was the wedding in accordance with the rites and customs of the gypsies, but in accordance with the laws of the country and the teachings of the Catholic church as well. Previous to the ceremony at the gypsy camp the couple had been married by one of the civil judges, and by a catholic priest.

When the bride was conducted to the tent of her betrothed she was dressed in the bright colors typical of her people, and about her neck was a string of gold coins whose total value was not less than $1,000. The coins included every sort of gold coin turned out of the United States mints, as well as many gold coins from the mints of Europe.

As she entered the tent a wreath of flowers was placed about her neck and a bridal veil thrown over her head. A formal presentation of the child by her father and the queen comprised the only ceremonies.

In all the crowd that witnessed the ceremony, and the festivities that preceded and followed it, the bride and groom were probably the only ones who failed to appreciate fully the situation. While the boy had been imbued somewhat with the dignity to which he had attained, and sauntered about the camp doing his best to appear as "grown up" as possible, the girl spent the forenoon in playing with the other children of the camp, and in the afternoon she appeared very much like the little girl who is compelled to stay "dressed up" all Sunday afternoon after having returned from church.

There was scarcely five minutes during the day that some one was not executing a weird, fantastic dance. Occasionally the bride and groom would join in the dance and it was not uncommon to see the parents of each keeping time to the music.

For the most part, their dances are not typical of any particular nation. They are composite dances, partaking of those of a dozen different countries in which the members of the bands have traveled. Spanish dances predominate, although in many of them the dancers introduce steps that it is not difficult for an American to recognize as resembling the cake walk and the war dances of the northern Indians.

HOUSE HUNTING?

Ever investigate the class of houses' ads, of which some times appear in the daily papers. "Will sell to a colored party?" They seldom come up to your ideals of a home. Will be pleased to submit my list of real homes upon your invitation,

Several real bargains in the northwest, northeast and southeast, $2,500 up. About $200 cash generally required.

Harvard, Kennesaw and Kenyon avenue, properties, if you wish, $6.500 up.

Send me a postal, my services cost you nothing—the other fellow pays the eight. Real Estate Loans, Life Insurance.

John C. Keelan,

Broker's Representative
245 Elm St., N. W.

PRINCIPAL CONVENTIONS TO BE HELD IN VARIOUS PORTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES FOR WHICH SPECIAL RATES WILL BE IN EFFECT VIA B & O RAILROAD.

Atlantic City, N. J.—Special Low Rate Excursions. Dates to be annonnced later.

Baltimore, Md.—20th Triennial National Saengerfest of the Northeastern Saengerbund, June 15-20. Tickets on sale June 13th to 15th, good returing until June 22nd, inclusive.

Baltimore, Md.—Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, July 21-23. Tickets on sale July 19th and 20th, good returning until July 25th, inclusive.

Baltimore, Md.—Seventy-Ninth Annual Session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., September 21-26. Tickets on sale September 19th, 20th and 21st, good returning until September 28th, inclusive.

Boston, Mass.—National Educational Association, July 6-10. Tickets on sale July 3rd to 6th, good returning until July 12th, inclusive.

Denver, Colo.—Christian Endeavor Society, July 9-13. Dates of sale announced later.

Detroit, Mich.—Epworth League, International Convention, July 16-19. Tickets on sale July 14th and 15th, good returning until July 20th inclusive.

Los Angeles, Cal.—General Assembly Presbyterian Church in the U. S. A. May 21-June 2. Tickets on sale May 2nd and 11th to 17th, good returning until July 15th, inclusive.

St. Louis, Mo.—Dedication Ceremonies, Louisiana Purchase Exposition, April 30-May 2. Tickets on sale April 26th to 29th, good returning until May 4th, inclusive.

San Francisco, Cal.—National Association Master Plumbers of U. S. A. May 19-22. Tickets on sale May 2nd and 11th to 17th, good returning until July 15th, inclusive.

San Francisco, Cal.—Grand Army of the Republic, August 17-22. Tickets on sale August 4th to 13th, good returning until October 15th.

Saratoga, N. Y.—Imperial Council, Ancient Arabic Order Mystic Shrine, July 7-10. Tickets on sale July 6th and 7th, good returning until July 20th inclusive

LEGAL NOTICE.

W. C. Martin, Attorney.

Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

Holding a Probate Court.

No. 11,364, Administration.

HOLDING A POBATE COURT.

This is to give notice:

That the subscriber, of the District of Columbia has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, letters testamentary on the estate of Lewis York late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated to the subscriber, on or before the 18th day of April., A. D. 1904, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 18th day of April 1903. Thomas Linney 407 Franklin St. N W.

John R. Rouzer
deputy Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MOST WORSHIPFUL EUREKA GRAND

Lodge of F. & A. Ancient York Masons in and for the District of Columbia on the Continent of North America.

Prince Hall (compact) has just closed a long and important session and starts out very favorable for the new year. Visiting brothers are respectfully requested to call on the Grand Master, Col. R. D. Goodman 917 4th street n.w. for information about the craft Please bring financial card of your Lodge.

J. E. Williams, M. D.
M. W Grand Sect.
106 F St., S. W.

For Sale.

At Somerset Beach Va., a pretty three room cottage directly on the Beach front. Well of water on premises. Suitable for any business: will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Address owner,
9188th St., N. W.

O. K. MARKET.

I. BURKA, Prop.

[Formerly Shenny's Mkt.

Cut Prices

Fresh Meats of all kinds. Goods promptly delivered

Cor. 4th and Q Sts. N. W.

J. C. THORNTON

....First Class....

Boot & Shoe Maker

Shoes Repaired in First Class Style.

J. C. THORNTON,
1238 20th Street Northwest.

Elegant Club Rye Whiskey

J. F. KEENAN

WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER

402 PENN. AVENUE, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

WANTED At this office, a good printer. Address The Bee 1109 I St., Northwest.

PETER GROGAN.

CREDIT FOR ALL WASHINGTON

Spring Styles in Mattings, Go-carts, and Baby Carriages Are Ready for Your Selection, and on

CREDIT

No Notes,
No Interest.

If there is a baby at your house, it should be out in the open air every one of these bright days. we will furnish the go-cart or carriage in the newest spring style, and you can pay for it a little at a time, weekly or monthly. The new Mattings are very handsome in pattern, and we tack them down free. No need of buying matting by the roll when we charge only for the actual number of yards necessary to cover your floors. small payments graded to suit your convenience.

Peter Grogan,

817, 819, 821, 823, 7th St. N. W.
Between H and I Sts.

FOR GOOD Health

Buy pure food that appeals to your appetite

Old Homestead and Grandma's

Breads, baked by Boston Baking Co., fill the bill. There are the

Best Breads in Town

For Sale by your Grocer. Look for your label to be sure you are getting the genuine article, as our bread is imitated everywhere

BOSTON BAKING COMPANY

119-129 1st Street, Foot U. S. Capitol Grounds.

Established, 1866

BURNSTINE LOAN OFFICE,

Gold and silver watches, diamonds jewelry, guns, mechanical, tools, ladies and gentlemen's wearing apperal.

Old gold and silver bought
Unredeemed pledges for sale
361 Pennsylvania, Ave., N. W.

JOHN RICKLES' BUFFET

—ALL KINDS OF—

Wines, Liquors, and Cigars.

Heurich's Beer 5c per bottle. Overholt Whiskey $1.00 per Quart, 10c per drink.

Cor. 6th and C Streets Northwest.
Washington, D. C.

THE NEW YORK CLIPPER

Contains a Reliable Record of all the Events in the THEATRICAL WORLD AND THE WORLD OF SPORTS.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.
$4.00 A YEAR. SINGLE COPY, 10cts.
For Sale by all Newsdealers.
SAMPLE COPY FREE.
Address NEW YORK CLIPPER, NEW YORK.

E. MURRAY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ice Cream and Confections

1800 14th Street, Northwest.

Oysters In Seaon

DOUGLAS

WE MOVE ANYTHING

Baggage and Furniture Express.

1533 14th Street Northwest

Telephone Connection
Robert T. Douglas' Mgr.

EYES EXAMINED FREE.
GLASSES CORRECTLY ADJUSTED

Saks' Optical Co..

MANUFACTURING

Opticians and Jewelers,

FULL LINE OF DIAMONDS AND PRECIOUS STONES

525 SEVENTH ST., NORTHWEST,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

J. Boumgarten and Sons.

SEAL ENGRAVERS.

Rubber and Steel,
Stamp Manufacturers.
Imported Art Goods of every Description.

1217 Pennsylvania, Avenue N. W.
Telephone 2313.

Established 1883.
Telephone Connection.

The Louis Rothschilaco

RECTIFIERS and WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS

Sole Distributors of James E. Pepper Whiskey. Proprietors of Silver Creek Rye.

Represented by Sam Rothschild.

THE CIVIL LIBERTY CONVENTON

Cincinnati Sept. 10, 1903.

The Second Emancipation of the Negro. The Civil and Political Rights of the Negro to be considered by the Representative of the race. Reduced rates on all roads. Delegates to be selected on the basis of two from each Congressional District. Plans will be adopted to bring about the Suffrage of the Negro in States where he has been disfranchised. The Convention will be largely attended and will hold meeting in Hopkins Theater. All organizations that are in sympathy with this movement will be entitled to one delegate and one alternate delegate.

For information and Literature Address

S. P. MITCHELL, Box 81 P. O. Wahington D. C.

Anuncement

—OF—

Voight, Jeweler,

725 SEVENTH STREET N. W.

(Next to Johnson's Grocery)

Ladies' 14k, Solid Gold Watches, $20; sold elsewhere; $25
Ladies' Solid Gold Rings, $1, $1.50, $2.50 and $3.50; worth twice the price;
Ladies' Genuine Diamond Rings, $5 up too $100; all of them gems.
Ladies' Solid Gold Lorgnee Chaines, $7 up too $16; all he laest styles.
Ladies' Solid Gold Brooches. $2.50 up too $25.
Gents' Solid Gold Dumb-bell Sleeve buttons, $3.50; a useful present.
Gents' 14k. Gold-filled Chains, $2.00 warranted for five years' wear.
Gents' Diamond Sleeve Butons, $5 up; a little gem in each button.
Gent's Diamond Studs, $7.50 up.
Gents' Solid Gold Rings, with genuine stones, from $4 up.
Solid Silver Thimbles, 25c.
Solid Silver Teaspoons, from $4 00 half dozen up.
Ladies's Silver Watches, $4 and $5

VOIGHT, 725 7th SW

Horn the Tailor

THIS is the most reliable house in the city for a Perfect FIT and Fine Goods. Call and have a suit of clothes made to order from domestic and Imported Goods. HORN can FIT the HARDEST to FIT. Reception suits made to order. A fit guaranteed.

HORN THE TAILOR 637 F.

Wm. Cannon,

Fine Wines, Liquors, and Cigars.

The Place to CALL and PURCHASE

Purissima Whiskey

1225 and 1227 7th street, northwest

WILLIAS

Prussian Syrup

—OF—

Tar, Wild Cheey, &c.

The most certain and speedy remedy known for Cough Colds and Consumption, and all Pulmonary Complaints.

manufactured by F. S. Williams & Co

Masonic Temple Cor. F and 9th Streets

Washington D. C.